# Union Calendar No. 193

104TH CONGRESS H. R. 1710

[Report No. 104-383]

# BILL

To combat terrorism.

December 5, 1995

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

## Union Calendar No. 193

104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1710

[Report No. 104-383]

To combat terrorism.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 25, 1995

Mr. Hyde (for himself, Mr. McCollum, Mr. Smith of Texas, Mr. Gekas, Mr. Canady of Florida, Mr. Hoke, and Mr. Bono) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

#### **DECEMBER 5, 1995**

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]  $\[$ 

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on May 25, 1995]

### A BILL

To combat terrorism.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Comprehensive
- 5 Antiterrorism Act of 1995".

#### 1 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

#### 2 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.

#### TITLE I—NEW OFFENSES

- Sec. 101. Protection of Federal employees.
- Sec. 102. Prohibiting material support to terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 103. Modification of material support provision.
- Sec. 104. Acts of terrorism transcending national boundaries.
- Sec. 105. Conspiracy to harm people and property overseas.
- Sec. 106. Clarification and extension of criminal jurisdiction over certain terrorism offenses overseas.
- Sec. 107. Expansion and modification of weapons of mass destruction statute.
- Sec. 108. Addition of offenses to the money laundering statute.
- Sec. 109. Expansion of Federal jurisdiction over bomb threats.
- Sec. 110. Clarification of maritime violence jurisdiction.
- Sec. 111. Possession of stolen explosives prohibited.
- Sec. 112. Study to determine standards for determining what ammunition is capable of penetrating police body armor.

#### TITLE II—INCREASED PENALTIES

- Sec. 201. Mandatory minimum for certain explosives offenses.
- Sec. 202. Increased penalty for explosive conspiracies.
- Sec. 203. Increased and alternate conspiracy penalties for terrorism offenses.
- Sec. 204. Mandatory penalty for transferring a firearm knowing that it will be used to commit a crime of violence.
- Sec. 205. Mandatory penalty for transferring an explosive material knowing that it will be used to commit a crime of violence.
- Sec. 206. Directions to Sentencing Commission.

#### TITLE III—INVESTIGATIVE TOOLS

- Sec. 301. Interceptions of communications.
- Sec. 302. Pen registers and trap and trace devices in foreign counterintelligence investigations.
- Sec. 303. Disclosure of certain consumer reports to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for foreign counterintelligence investigations.
- Sec. 304. Access to records of common carriers, public accommodation facilities, physical storage facilities, and vehicle rental facilities in foreign counterintelligence and counterterrorism cases.
- Sec. 305. Study of tagging explosive materials, detection of explosives and explosive materials, rendering explosive components inert, and imposing controls of precursors of explosives.
- Sec. 306. Application of statutory exclusionary rule concerning intercepted wire or oral communications.
- Sec. 307. Exclusion of certain types of information from wiretap-related definitions.
- Sec. 308. Addition of conspiracies to temporary emergency wiretap authority.
- Sec. 309. Requirements for multipoint wiretaps.
- Sec. 310. Access to telephone billing records.
- Sec. 311. Requirement to preserve record evidence.

- Sec. 312. Authority to request military assistance with respect to offenses involving biological and chemical weapons.
- Sec. 313. Detention hearing.
- Sec. 314. Reward authority of the Attorney General.
- Sec. 315. Definition of terrorism.
- Sec. 316. Protection of Federal Government buildings in the District of Columbia.
- Sec. 317. Study of thefts from armories; report to the Congress.

#### TITLE IV—NUCLEAR MATERIALS

Sec. 401. Expansion of nuclear materials prohibitions.

#### TITLE V—CONVENTION ON THE MARKING OF PLASTIC EXPLOSIVES

- Sec. 501. Definitions.
- Sec. 502. Requirement of detection agents for plastic explosives.
- Sec. 503. Criminal sanctions.
- Sec. 504. Exceptions.
- Sec. 505. Investigative authority.
- Sec. 506. Effective date.

#### TITLE VI—IMMIGRATION-RELATED PROVISIONS

#### Subtitle A—Removal of Alien Terrorists

#### Part 1—Removal Procedures for Alien Terrorists

- Sec. 601. Removal procedures for alien terrorists.
- Sec. 602. Funding for detention and removal of alien terrorists.

#### Part 2—Exclusion and Denial of Asylum for Alien Terrorists

- Sec. 611. Membership in terrorist organization as ground for exclusion.
- Sec. 612. Denial of asylum to alien terrorists.
- Sec. 613. Denial of other relief for alien terrorists.

#### Subtitle B—Expedited Exclusion

- Sec. 621. Inspection and exclusion by immigration officers.
- Sec. 622. Judicial review.
- Sec. 623. Exclusion of aliens who have not been inspected and admitted.

#### Subtitle C—Improved Information and Processing

#### Part 1—Immigration Procedures

- Sec. 631. Access to certain confidential ins files through court order.
- Sec. 632. Waiver authority concerning notice of denial of application for visas.

#### Part 2—Asset Forfeiture for Passport and Visa Offenses

- Sec. 641. Criminal forfeiture for passport and visa related offenses.
- Sec. 642. Subpoenas for bank records.
- Sec. 643. Effective date.

#### Subtitle D—Employee Verification by Security Services Companies

Sec. 651. Permitting security services companies to request additional documentation.

#### TITLE VII—AUTHORIZATION AND FUNDING

- Sec. 701. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 702. Civil monetary penalty surcharge and telecommunications carrier compliance payments.
- Sec. 703. Firefighter and emergency services training
- Sec. 704. Assistance to foreign countries to procure explosive detection devices and other counter-terrorism technology.
- Sec. 705. Research and development to support counterterrorism technologies.

#### TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 801. Machine readable visas and passports.
- Sec. 802. Study of State licensing requirements for the purchase and use of high explosives.
- Sec. 803. Compensation of victims of terrorism.
- Sec. 804. Jurisdiction for lawsuits against terrorist States.
- Sec. 805. Study of publicly available instructional material on the making of bombs, destructive devices, and weapons of mass destruction.
- Sec. 806. Compilation of statistics relating to intimidation of Government employees.

#### 1 TITLE I—NEW OFFENSES

- 2 SEC. 101. PROTECTION OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.
- 3 (a) Homicide.—Section 1114 of title 18, United
- 4 States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 "§1114. Protection of officers and employees of the
- 6 United States
- 7 "Whoever kills or attempts to kill any officer or em-
- 8 ployee of the United States or of any agency in any branch
- 9 of the United States Government (including any member
- 10 of the uniformed services) while such officer or employee is
- 11 engaged in or on account of the performance of official du-
- 12 ties, or any person assisting such an officer or employee
- 13 in the performance of such duties or on account of that as-
- 14 sistance, shall be punished, in the case of murder, as pro-
- 15 vided under section 1111, or in the case of manslaughter,

- 1 as provided under section 1112, or, in the case of attempted
- 2 murder or manslaughter, as provided in section 1113.".
- 3 (b) Threats Against Former Officers and Em-
- 4 PLOYEES.—Section 115(a)(2) of title 18, United States
- 5 Code, is amended by inserting ", or threatens to assault,
- 6 kidnap, or murder, any person who formerly served as a
- 7 person designated in paragraph (1), or" after "assaults,
- 8 kidnaps, or murders, or attempts to kidnap or murder".
- 9 SEC. 102. PROHIBITING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORIST
- 10 **ORGANIZATIONS**.
- 11 (a) In General.—That chapter 113B of title 18,
- 12 United States Code, that relates to terrorism is amended
- 13 by adding at the end the following:
- 14 "§ 2339B. Providing material support to terrorist or-
- 15 ganizations
- 16 "(a) Offense.—Whoever, within the United States,
- 17 knowingly provides material support or resources in or af-
- 18 fecting interstate or foreign commerce, to any organization
- 19 which the person knows or should have known is a terrorist
- 20 organization and that has been designated under section
- 21 212(a)(3)(B)(iv) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
- 22 as a terrorist organization shall be fined under this title
- 23 or imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.

- 1 "(b) Definition.—As used in this section, the term
- 2 'material support or resources' has the meaning given that
- 3 term in section 2339A of this title.".
- 4 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at
- 5 the beginning of chapter 113B of title 18, United States
- 6 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new
- 7 item:

"2339B. Providing material support to terrorist organizations.".

#### 8 SEC. 103. MODIFICATION OF MATERIAL SUPPORT PROVI-

- 9 **SION.**
- 10 Section 2339A of title 18, United States Code, is
- 11 amended read as follows:

#### 12 "§ 2339A. Providing material support to terrorists

- 13 "(a) Offense.—Whoever, within the United States,
- 14 provides material support or resources or conceals or dis-
- 15 guises the nature, location, source, or ownership of material
- 16 support or resources, knowing or intending that they are
- 17 to be used in preparation for or in carrying out, a violation
- 18 of section 32, 37, 351, 844(f) or (i), 956, 1114, 1116, 1203,
- 19 *1361*, *1363*, *1751*, *2280*, *2281*, *2332*, *2332a*, or *2332b* of this
- 20 title or section 46502 of title 49, or in preparation for or
- 21 in carrying out the concealment or an escape from the com-
- 22 mission of any such violation, shall be fined under this title,
- 23 imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.
- 24 "(b) Definition.—In this section, the term 'material
- 25 support or resources' means currency or other financial se-

1	curities, financial services, lodging, training, safehouses,
2	false documentation or identification, communications
3	equipment, facilities, weapons, lethal substances, explosives,
4	personnel, transportation, and other physical assets, except
5	medicine or religious materials.".
6	SEC. 104. ACTS OF TERRORISM TRANSCENDING NATIONAL
7	BOUNDARIES.
8	(a) Offense.—Title 18, United States Code, is
9	amended by inserting after section 2332a the following:
10	"§ 2332b. Acts of terrorism transcending national
11	<i>boundaries</i>
12	"(a) Prohibited Acts.—
13	"(1) Whoever, involving any conduct transcend-
14	ing national boundaries and in a circumstance de-
15	scribed in subsection (b)—
16	"(A) kills, kidnaps, maims, commits an as-
17	sault resulting in serious bodily injury, or as-
18	saults with a dangerous weapon any individual
19	within the United States; or
20	"(B) creates a substantial risk of serious
21	bodily injury to any other person by destroying
22	or damaging any structure, conveyance, or other
23	real or personal property within the United
24	States or by attempting or conspiring to destroy
25	or damage any structure, conveyance, or other

1	real or personal property within the United
2	States;
3	in violation of the laws of any State or the United
4	States shall be punished as prescribed in subsection
5	(c).
6	"(2) Whoever threatens to commit an offense
7	under paragraph (1), or attempts or conspires to do
8	so, shall be punished as prescribed in subsection (c).
9	"(b) Jurisdictional Bases.—The circumstances re-
10	ferred to in subsection (a) are—
11	"(1) any of the offenders travels in, or uses the
12	mail or any facility of, interstate or foreign commerce
13	in furtherance of the offense or to escape apprehension
14	after the commission of the offense;
15	"(2) the offense obstructs, delays, or affects inter-
16	state or foreign commerce, or would have so ob-
17	structed, delayed, or affected interstate or foreign
18	commerce if the offense had been consummated;
19	"(3) the victim, or intended victim, is the United
20	States Government, a member of the uniformed serv-
21	ices, or any official, officer, employee, or agent of the
22	legislative, executive, or judicial branches, or of any
23	department or agency, of the United States;
24	"(4) the structure, conveyance, or other real or
25	personal property is, in whole or in part, owned, pos-

1	sessed, used by, or leased to the United States, or any
2	department or agency thereof;
3	"(5) the offense is committed in the territorial
4	sea (including the airspace above and the seabed and
5	subsoil below, and artificial islands and fixed struc-
6	tures erected thereon) of the United States; or
7	"(6) the offense is committed in those places
8	within the United States that are in the special mari-
9	time and territorial jurisdiction of the United States.
10	Jurisdiction shall exist over all principals and co-conspira-
11	tors of an offense under this section, and accessories after
12	the fact to any offense under this section, if at least one
13	of such circumstances is applicable to at least one offender.
14	"(c) Penalties.—
15	"(1) Whoever violates this section shall be pun-
16	ished—
17	"(A) for a killing or if death results to any
18	person from any other conduct prohibited by this
19	section by death, or by imprisonment for any
20	term of years or for life;
21	"(B) for kidnapping, by imprisonment for
22	any term of years or for life;
23	"(C) for maining, by imprisonment for not
24	more than 35 years;

1	"(D) for assault with a dangerous weapon
2	or assault resulting in serious bodily injury, by
3	imprisonment for not more than 30 years;
4	"(E) for destroying or damaging any struc-
5	ture, conveyance, or other real or personal prop-
6	erty, by imprisonment for not more than 25
7	years;
8	"(F) for attempting or conspiring to com-
9	mit an offense, for any term of years up to the
10	maximum punishment that would have applied
11	had the offense been completed; and
12	"(G) for threatening to commit an offense
13	under this section, by imprisonment for not more
14	than 10 years.
15	"(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
16	the court shall not place on probation any person con-
17	victed of a violation of this section; nor shall the term
18	of imprisonment imposed under this section run con-
19	currently with any other term of imprisonment.
20	"(d) Limitation on Prosecution.—No indictment
21	shall be sought nor any information filed for any offense
22	described in this section until the Attorney General, or the
23	highest ranking subordinate of the Attorney General with
24	responsibility for criminal prosecutions, makes a written
25	certification that, in the judgment of the certifying official,

1	such offense, or any activity preparatory to or meant to
2	conceal its commission, is terrorism, as defined in section
3	2331 of this title.
4	"(e) Proof Requirements.—
5	"(1) The prosecution is not required to prove
6	knowledge by any defendant of a jurisdictional base
7	alleged in the indictment.
8	"(2) In a prosecution under this section that is
9	based upon the adoption of State law, only the ele-
10	ments of the offense under State law, and not any
11	provisions pertaining to criminal procedure or evi-
12	dence, are adopted.
13	"(f) Extraterritorial Jurisdiction.—There is
14	extraterritorial Federal jurisdiction—
15	"(1) over any offense under subsection (a), in-
16	cluding any threat, attempt, or conspiracy to commit
17	such offense; and
18	"(2) over conduct which, under section 3 of this
19	title, renders any person an accessory after the fact
20	to an offense under subsection (a).
21	"(g) Definitions.—As used in this section—
22	"(1) the term 'conduct transcending national
23	boundaries' means conduct occurring outside the
24	United States in addition to the conduct occurring in
25	the United States:

1	"(2) the term 'facility of interstate or foreign
2	commerce' has the meaning given that term in section
3	1958(b)(2) of this title;
4	"(3) the term 'serious bodily injury' has the
5	meaning prescribed in section $1365(g)(3)$ of this title;
6	and
7	"(4) the term 'territorial sea of the United
8	States' means all waters extending seaward to 12
9	nautical miles from the baselines of the United States
10	determined in accordance with international law.".
11	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at
12	the beginning of the chapter 113B of title 18, United States
13	Code, that relates to terrorism is amended by inserting after
14	the item relating to section 2332a the following new item:
	"2332b. Acts of terrorism transcending national boundaries.".
15	(c) Statute of Limitations Amendment.—Section
16	3286 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by—
17	(1) striking "any offense" and inserting "any
18	non-capital offense";
19	(2) striking "36" and inserting "37";
20	(3) striking "2331" and inserting "2332";
21	(4) striking "2339" and inserting "2332a"; and
22	(5) inserting "2332b (acts of terrorism tran-
23	scending national boundaries)," after "(use of weap-
24	ons of mass destruction) "

1	(d) Presumptive Detention.—Section 3142(e) of
2	title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting ",
3	956(a), or 2332b" after "section 924(c)".
4	SEC. 105. CONSPIRACY TO HARM PEOPLE AND PROPERTY
5	OVERSEAS.
6	(a) In General.—Section 956 of chapter 45 of title
7	18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
8	"§ 956. Conspiracy to kill, kidnap, maim, or injure
9	persons or damage property in a foreign
10	country
11	"(a)(1) Whoever, within the jurisdiction of the United
12	States, conspires with one or more other persons, regardless
13	of where such other person or persons are located, to commit
14	at any place outside the United States an act that would
15	constitute the offense of murder, kidnapping, or maining
16	if committed in the special maritime and territorial juris-
17	diction of the United States shall, if any of the conspirators
18	commits an act within the jurisdiction of the United States
19	to effect any object of the conspiracy, be punished as pro-
20	$vided\ in\ subsection\ (a)(2).$
21	"(2) The punishment for an offense under subsection
22	(a)(1) of this section is—
23	"(A) imprisonment for any term of years or for
24	life if the offense is conspiracy to murder or kidnap;
25	and

1	"(B) imprisonment for not more than 35 years
2	if the offense is conspiracy to maim.
3	"(b) Whoever, within the jurisdiction of the United
4	States, conspires with one or more persons, regardless of
5	where such other person or persons are located, to damage
6	or destroy specific property situated within a foreign coun-
7	try and belonging to a foreign government or to any politi-
8	cal subdivision thereof with which the United States is at
9	peace, or any railroad, canal, bridge, airport, airfield, or
10	other public utility, public conveyance, or public structure,
11	or any religious, educational, or cultural property so situ-
12	ated, shall, if any of the conspirators commits an act within
13	the jurisdiction of the United States to effect any object of
14	the conspiracy, be imprisoned not more than 25 years.".
15	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The item relating to sec-
16	tion 956 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter
17	45 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as
18	follows:
	"956. Conspiracy to kill, kidnap, maim, or injure persons or damage property in a foreign country.".
19	SEC. 106. CLARIFICATION AND EXTENSION OF CRIMINAL
20	JURISDICTION OVER CERTAIN TERRORISM
21	OFFENSES OVERSEAS.
22	(a) AIRCRAFT PIRACY.—Section 46502(b) of title 49,
23	United States Code, is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and later
2	found in the United States";
3	(2) so that paragraph (2) reads as follows:
4	"(2) There is jurisdiction over the offense in paragraph
5	(1) if—
6	"(A) a national of the United States was aboard
7	the aircraft;
8	"(B) an offender is a national of the United
9	States; or
10	"(C) an offender is afterwards found in the
11	United States."; and
12	(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the follow-
13	ing:
14	"(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'national
15	of the United States' has the meaning prescribed in section
16	101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
17	U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).".
18	(b) Destruction of Aircraft or Aircraft Facili-
19	TIES.—Section 32(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
20	amended—
21	(1) by striking ", if the offender is later found
22	in the United States,"; and
23	(2) by inserting at the end the following: "There
24	is jurisdiction over an offense under this subsection if
25	a national of the United States was on board, or

1 would have been on board, the aircraft; an offender is 2 a national of the United States; or an offender is afterwards found in the United States. For purposes 3 of this subsection, the term 'national of the United 5 States' has the meaning prescribed in section 6 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.". 7 (c) Murder of Foreign Officials and Certain 8 Other Persons.—Section 1116 of title 18, United States Code, is amended— 10 (1) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the 11 following: 12 'National of the United States' has the 13 meaning prescribed in section 101(a)(22) of the Im-14 Nationality migration and Act(8 U.S.C.15 1101(a)(22))."; and 16 (2) in subsection (c), by striking the first sen-17 tence and inserting the following: "If the victim of an 18 offense under subsection (a) is an internationally pro-19 tected person outside the United States, the United 20 States may exercise jurisdiction over the offense if (1) 21 the victim is a representative, officer, employee, or 22 agent of the United States, (2) an offender is a na-23 tional of the United States, or (3) an offender is after-

wards found in the United States.".

24

1	(d) Protection of Foreign Officials and Cer-
2	TAIN OTHER PERSONS.—Section 112 of title 18, United
3	States Code, is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (c), by inserting "'national of
5	the United States'," before "and"; and
6	(2) in subsection (e), by striking the first sen-
7	tence and inserting the following: "If the victim of an
8	offense under subsection (a) is an internationally pro-
9	tected person outside the United States, the United
10	States may exercise jurisdiction over the offense if (1)
11	the victim is a representative, officer, employee, or
12	agent of the United States, (2) an offender is a na-
13	tional of the United States, or (3) an offender is after-
14	wards found in the United States.".
15	(e) Threats and Extortion Against Foreign Of-
16	FICIALS AND CERTAIN OTHER PERSONS.—Section 878 of
17	title 18, United States Code, is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (c), by inserting "'national of
19	the United States'," before "and"; and
20	(2) in subsection (d), by striking the first sen-
21	tence and inserting the following: "If the victim of an
22	offense under subsection (a) is an internationally pro-
23	tected person outside the United States, the United
24	States may exercise jurisdiction over the offense if (1)
25	the victim is a representative, officer, employee, or

- 1 agent of the United States, (2) an offender is a na-2 tional of the United States, or (3) an offender is afterwards found in the United States.". 3 4 (f) Kidnapping of Internationally Protected Persons.—Section 1201(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— 6 7 (1) by striking the first sentence and inserting the following: "If the victim of an offense under sub-8 9 section (a) is an internationally protected person out-10 side the United States, the United States may exercise 11 jurisdiction over the offense if (1) the victim is a rep-12 resentative, officer, employee, or agent of the United 13 States, (2) an offender is a national of the United 14 States, or (3) an offender is afterwards found in the 15 United States."; and 16 (2) by adding at the end the following: "For pur-17 poses of this subsection, the term 'national of the 18 United States' has the meaning prescribed in section 19 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act 20 (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).". 21 (q) Violence at International Airports.—Section 22 37(b)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- 23 (1) by inserting "(A)" before "the offender is
- 24 later found in the United States"; and

1	(2) by inserting "; or (B) an offender or a victim
2	is a national of the United States (as defined in sec-
3	tion 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality
4	Act (8 U.S.C. $1101(a)(22)$ )" after "the offender is
5	later found in the United States".
6	(h) Biological Weapons.—Section 178 of title 18,
7	United States Code, is amended—
8	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
9	(3);
10	(2) by striking the "period" at the end of para-
11	graph (4) and inserting "; and"; and
12	(3) by adding the following at the end:
13	"(5) the term 'national of the United States' has
14	the meaning prescribed in section $101(a)(22)$ of the
15	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
16	1101(a)(22)).".
17	SEC. 107. EXPANSION AND MODIFICATION OF WEAPONS OF
18	MASS DESTRUCTION STATUTE.
19	Section 2332a of title 18, United States Code, is
20	amended—
21	(1) in subsection (a)—
22	(A) by inserting "Against a National or
23	Within the United States" after "Of-
24	FENSE'':

1	(B) by inserting ", without lawful author-
2	ity" after "A person who";
3	(C) by inserting "threatens," before "at-
4	tempts or conspires to use, a weapon of mass de-
5	struction"; and
6	(D) by inserting "and the results of such
7	use affect interstate or foreign commerce or, in
8	the case of a threat, attempt, or conspiracy,
9	would have affected interstate or foreign com-
10	merce" before the semicolon at the end of para-
11	graph(2);
12	(2) in subsection (b), so that subparagraph (B)
13	of paragraph (2) reads as follows:
14	"(B) any weapon that is designed to cause
15	death or serious bodily injury through the re-
16	lease, dissemination, or impact of toxic or poi-
17	sonous chemicals, or their precursors;";
18	(3) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection
19	(c); and
20	(4) by inserting after subsection (a) the following
21	new subsection:
22	"(b) Offense by National Outside the United
23	States.—Any national of the United States who, without
24	lawful authority and outside the United States, uses, or
25	threatens, attempts, or conspires to use, a weapon of mass

1	destruction shall be imprisoned for any term of years or
2	for life, and if death results, shall be punished by death,
3	or by imprisonment for any term of years or for life.".
4	SEC. 108. ADDITION OF OFFENSES TO THE MONEY LAUN-
5	DERING STATUTE.
6	(a) Murder and Destruction of Property.—Sec-
7	tion 1956(c)(7)(B)(ii) of title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended by striking "or extortion;" and inserting "extor-
9	tion, murder, or destruction of property by means of explo-
10	sive or fire;".
11	(b) Specific Offenses.—Section 1956(c)(7)(D) of
12	title 18, United States Code, is amended—
13	(1) by inserting after "an offense under" the fol-
14	lowing: "section 32 (relating to the destruction of air-
15	craft), section 37 (relating to violence at international
16	airports), section 115 (relating to influencing, imped-
17	ing, or retaliating against a Federal official by
18	threatening or injuring a family member),";
19	(2) by inserting after "section 215 (relating to
20	commissions or gifts for procuring loans)," the follow-
21	ing: "section 351 (relating to Congressional or Cabi-
22	net officer assassination),";
23	(3) by inserting after "section 793, 794, or 798
24	(relating to espionage)," the following: "section 831
25	(relating to prohibited transactions involving nuclear

- 1 materials), section 844 (f) or (i) (relating to destruc-2 tion by explosives or fire of Government property or 3 property affecting interstate or foreign commerce),";
  - (4) by inserting after "section 875 (relating to interstate communications)," the following: "section 956 (relating to conspiracy to kill, kidnap, maim, or injure certain property in a foreign country),";
  - (5) by inserting after "1032 (relating to concealment of assets from conservator, receiver, or liquidating agent of financial institution)," the following: "section 1111 (relating to murder), section 1114 (relating to protection of officers and employees of the United States), section 1116 (relating to murder of foreign officials, official guests, or internationally protected persons),";
  - (6) by inserting after "section 1203 (relating to hostage taking)," the following: "section 1361 (relating to willful injury of Government property), section 1363 (relating to destruction of property within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction),";
  - (7) by inserting after "section 1708 (theft from the mail)," the following: "section 1751 (relating to Presidential assassination),";
- 24 (8) by inserting after "2114 (relating to bank 25 and postal robbery and theft)," the following: "section

1	2280 (relating to violence against maritime naviga-
2	tion), section 2281 (relating to violence against mari-
3	time fixed platforms),"; and
4	(9) by striking "of this title" and inserting the
5	following: "section 2332 (relating to terrorist acts
6	abroad against United States nationals), section
7	2332a (relating to use of weapons of mass destruc-
8	tion), section 2332b (relating to international terror-
9	ist acts transcending national boundaries), section
10	2339A (relating to providing material support to ter-
11	rorists) of this title, section 46502 of title 49, United
12	States Code".
13	SEC. 109. EXPANSION OF FEDERAL JURISDICTION OVER
14	BOMB THREATS.
14 15	BOMB THREATS.  Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is
15	Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "commerce," and inserting "interstate
15 16 17	Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "commerce," and inserting "interstate
15 16 17	Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "commerce," and inserting "interstate or foreign commerce, or in or affecting interstate or foreign
15 16 17 18	Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "commerce," and inserting "interstate or foreign commerce, or in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce,".
15 16 17 18 19	Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "commerce," and inserting "interstate or foreign commerce, or in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce,".  SEC. 110. CLARIFICATION OF MARITIME VIOLENCE JURIS-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "commerce," and inserting "interstate or foreign commerce, or in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce,".  SEC. 110. CLARIFICATION OF MARITIME VIOLENCE JURISDICTION.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "commerce," and inserting "interstate or foreign commerce, or in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce,".  SEC. 110. CLARIFICATION OF MARITIME VIOLENCE JURISDICTION.  Section 2280(b)(1)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Section 844(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "commerce," and inserting "interstate or foreign commerce, or in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce,".  SEC. 110. CLARIFICATION OF MARITIME VIOLENCE JURISDICTION.  Section 2280(b)(1)(A) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

1	(2) in clause (iii), by striking "the activity takes
2	place on a ship flying the flag of a foreign country
3	or outside the United States,".
4	SEC. 111. POSSESSION OF STOLEN EXPLOSIVES PROHIB-
5	ITED.
6	Section 842(h) of title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"(h) It shall be unlawful for any person to receive, pos-
9	sess, transport, ship, conceal, store, barter, sell, dispose of,
10	or pledge or accept as security for a loan, any stolen explo-
11	sive materials which are moving as, which are part of,
12	which constitute, or which have been shipped or transported
13	in, interstate or foreign commerce, either before or after such
14	materials were stolen, knowing or having reasonable cause
15	to believe that the explosive materials were stolen.".
16	SEC. 112. STUDY TO DETERMINE STANDARDS FOR DETER-
17	MINING WHAT AMMUNITION IS CAPABLE OF
18	PENETRATING POLICE BODY ARMOR.
19	The National Institute of Justice is directed to perform
20	a study of, and to recommend to Congress, a methodology
21	for determining what ammunition, designed for handguns,
22	is capable of penetrating police body armor. Not later than
23	6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
24	National Institute of Justice shall report to Congress the
25	results of such study and such recommendations.

1	TITLE II—INCREASED
2	<b>PENALTIES</b>
3	SEC. 201. MANDATORY MINIMUM FOR CERTAIN EXPLOSIVES
4	OFFENSES.
5	(a) Increased Penalties for Damaging Certain
6	Property.—Section 844(f) of title 18, United States Code,
7	is amended to read as follows:
8	"(f) Whoever damages or destroys, or attempts to dam-
9	age or destroy, by means of fire or an explosive, any per-
10	sonal or real property in whole or in part owned, possessed,
11	or used by, or leased to, the United States, or any depart-
12	ment or agency thereof, or any institution or organization
13	receiving Federal financial assistance shall be fined under
14	this title or imprisoned for not more than 25 years, or both,
15	but—
16	"(1) if personal injury results to any person
17	other than the offender, the term of imprisonment
18	shall be not more than 40 years;
19	"(2) if fire or an explosive is used and its use
20	creates a substantial risk of serious bodily injury to
21	any person other than the offender, the term of im-
22	prisonment shall not be less than 20 years; and
23	"(3) if death results to any person other than the
24	offender, the offender shall be subject to the death pen-

1 alty or imprisonment for any term of years not less 2 than 30, or for life.". 3 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 81 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both" and inserting "imprisoned not more than 25 years or fined the greater of the fine under this title or the cost of repairing or replacing any property that is damaged or destroyed, 8 9 or both". 10 (c) Statute of Limitation for Arson Offenses.— 11 (1) Chapter 213 of title 18, United States Code, 12 is amended by adding at the end the following: 13 "§ 3295. Arson offenses 14 "No person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for 15 any non-capital offense under section 81 or subsection (f), (h), or (i) of section 844 of this title unless the indictment 16 is found or the information is instituted within 7 years after the date on which the offense was committed.". 18 19 (2) The table of sections at the beginning of 20 chapter 213 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-21 ed by adding at the end the following new item: "3295. Arson offenses.". 22 (3) Section 844(i) of title 18, United States 23 Code, is amended by striking the last sentence.

1	SEC. 202. INCREASED PENALTY FOR EXPLOSIVE CONSPIR-
2	ACIES.
3	Section 844 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
4	by adding at the end the following:
5	"(n) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
6	person who conspires to commit any offense defined in this
7	chapter shall be subject to the same penalties (other than
8	the penalty of death) as those prescribed for the offense the
9	commission of which was the object of the conspiracy.".
10	SEC. 203. INCREASED AND ALTERNATE CONSPIRACY PEN-
11	ALTIES FOR TERRORISM OFFENSES.
12	(a) Title 18 Offenses.—
13	(1) Sections $32(a)(7)$ , $32(b)(4)$ , $37(a)$ ,
14	$115(a)(1)(A), \ 115(a)(2), \ 1203(a), \ 2280(a)(1)(H), \ and$
15	2281(a)(1)(F) of title 18, United States Code, are
16	each amended by inserting "or conspires" after "at-
17	tempts".
18	(2) Section 115(b)(2) of title 18, United States
19	Code, is amended by striking "or attempted kidnap-
20	ping" both places it appears and inserting ", at-
21	tempted kidnapping, or conspiracy to kidnap".
22	(3)(A) Section $115(b)(3)$ of title 18, United
23	States Code, is amended by striking "or attempted
24	murder" and inserting ", attempted murder, or con-
25	spiracy to murder".

1	(B) Section 115(b)(3) of title 18, United States
2	Code, is amended by striking "and 1113" and insert-
3	ing ", 1113, and 1117".
4	(4) Section 175(a) of title 18, United States
5	Code, is amended by inserting "or conspires to do so,"
6	after "any organization to do so,".
7	(b) Aircraft Piracy.—
8	(1) Section 46502(a)(2) of title 49, United States
9	Code, is amended by inserting "or conspiring" after
10	"attempting".
11	(2) Section 46502(b)(1) of title 49, United States
12	Code, is amended by inserting "or conspiring to com-
13	mit" after "committing".
14	SEC. 204. MANDATORY PENALTY FOR TRANSFERRING A
15	FIREARM KNOWING THAT IT WILL BE USED
16	TO COMMIT A CRIME OF VIOLENCE.
17	Section 924(h) of title 18, United States Code, is
18	amended—
19	(1) by inserting "or having reasonable cause to
20	believe" after "knowing"; and
21	(2) by striking "imprisoned not more than 10
22	years, fined in accordance with this title, or both."
23	and inserting "subject to the same penalties as may
24	be imposed under subsection (c) for a first conviction
25	for the use or carrying of the firearm.".

1	SEC. 205. MANDATORY PENALTY FOR TRANSFERRING AN
2	EXPLOSIVE MATERIAL KNOWING THAT IT
3	WILL BE USED TO COMMIT A CRIME OF VIO-
4	LENCE.
5	Section 844 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
6	by adding at the end the following:
7	"(o) Whoever knowingly transfers any explosive mate-
8	rials, knowing or having reasonable cause to believe that
9	such explosive materials will be used to commit a crime
10	of violence (as defined in section 924(c)(3) of this title) or
11	drug trafficking crime (as defined in section 924(c)(2) of
12	this title) shall be subject to the same penalties as may be
13	imposed under subsection (h) for a first conviction for the
14	use or carrying of the explosive materials.".
15	SEC. 206. DIRECTIONS TO SENTENCING COMMISSION.
16	The United States Sentencing Commission shall forth-
17	with, in accordance with the procedures set forth in section
18	21(a) of the Sentencing Act of 1987, as though the authority
19	under that section had not expired, amend the sentencing
20	guidelines so that the chapter 3 adjustment relating to
21	international terrorism also applies to domestic terrorism.

# 1 TITLE III—INVESTIGATIVE 2 TOOLS

2	IOOLS
3	SEC. 301. INTERCEPTIONS OF COMMUNICATIONS.
4	(a) Authorization of Interceptions in Certain
5	Terrorism Related Offenses.—Section 2516(1) of title
6	18, United States Code, is amended—
7	(1) by striking "and" at the end of subpara-
8	graph(n);
9	(2) by redesignating subparagraph (o) as sub-
10	paragraph (q); and
11	(3) by inserting after paragraph (n) the follow-
12	ing:
13	"(o) any violation of section 956 or section 960
14	(relating to certain actions against foreign nations),
15	section 1114 (relating to protection of officers and em-
16	ployees of the United States), section 1116 (relating
17	to murder of foreign officials, official guests, or inter-
18	nationally protected persons), section 2332 (relating
19	to terrorist acts abroad), section 2332a (relating to
20	weapons of mass destruction), section 2332b (relating
21	to acts of terrorism transcending national bound-
22	aries), section 2339A (relating to providing material
23	support to terrorists), section 37 (relating to violence
24	at international airports) of title 18, United States
25	$Code;\ or$

1	"(p) any felony violation of section 842 (relating
2	to explosives) of this title; and".
3	(b) Reports Concerning Intercepted Communica-
4	TIONS.—Subsection (6) of section 2518 of title 18, United
5	States Code is amended to read as follows:
6	"(6) Whenever an order authorizing interception is en-
7	tered under this chapter, the order shall require the attorney
8	for the Government to file a report with the judge who is-
9	sued the order showing what progress has been made toward
10	achievement of the authorized objective and the need for con-
11	tinued interception. Such report shall be made 15 days after
12	the interception has begun. No other reports shall be made
13	to the judge under this subsection.".
14	SEC. 302. PEN REGISTERS AND TRAP AND TRACE DEVICES
15	IN FOREIGN COUNTERINTELLIGENCE INVES-
16	TIGATIONS.
17	(a) Application.—Section 3122(b)(2) of title 18,
18	United States Code, is amended by inserting "or foreign
19	counterintelligence" after "criminal".
20	(b) Order.—
21	(1) Section 3123(a) of title 18, United States
22	Code, is amended by inserting "or foreign counter-
23	intelligence" after "criminal".

1	(2) Section 3123(b)(1) of title 18, United States
2	Code, is amended in subparagraph (B), by striking
3	"criminal".
4	SEC. 303. DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN CONSUMER REPORTS
5	TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA-
6	TION FOR FOREIGN COUNTERINTELLIGENCE
7	INVESTIGATIONS.
8	(a) In General.—The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
9	U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) is amended by adding after section 623
10	the following:
11	"SEC. 624. DISCLOSURES TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF IN-
12	VESTIGATION FOR FOREIGN COUNTERINTEL-
13	LIGENCE PURPOSES.
14	"(a) Identity of Financial Institutions.—(1) Not-
15	withstanding section 604 or any other provision of this
16	title, a court or magistrate judge may issue an order ex
17	parte, upon application by the Director of the Federal Bu-
18	reau of Investigation (or the Director's designee, whose rank
19	shall be no lower than Assistant Special Agent in Charge),
20	directing a consumer reporting agency to furnish to the
21	Federal Bureau of Investigation the names and addresses
22	of all financial institutions (as that term is defined in sec-
23	tion 1101 of the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978)
24	at which a consumer maintains or has maintained an ac-
25	count, to the extent that information is in the files of the

1	agency. The court or magistrate judge shall issue the order
2	if the court or magistrate judge finds, that—
3	"(A) such information is necessary for the con-
4	duct of an authorized foreign counterintelligence in-
5	vestigation; and
6	"(B) there are specific and articulable facts giv-
7	ing reason to believe that the consumer—
8	"(i) is a foreign power (as defined in sec-
9	tion 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
10	Act of 1978) or a person who is not a United
11	States person (as defined in such section 101)
12	and is an official of a foreign power; or
13	"(ii) is an agent of a foreign power and is
14	engaging or has engaged in international terror-
15	ism (as that term is defined in section 101(c) of
16	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
17	1978) or clandestine intelligence activities that
18	involve or may involve a violation of criminal
19	statutes of the United States.
20	"(2) An order issued under this subsection shall not
21	disclose that it is issued for purposes of a counterintelligence
22	investigation.
23	"(b) Identifying Information.—(1) Notwithstand-
24	ing section 604 or any other provision of this title, a court
25	or magistrate judge shall issue an order ex parte, upon ap-

- 1 plication by the Director of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
- 2 tigation (or the Director's designee, whose rank shall be no
- 3 lower than Assistant Special Agent in Charge), directing
- 4 a consumer reporting agency to furnish identifying infor-
- 5 mation respecting a consumer, limited to name, address,
- 6 former addresses, places of employment, or former places
- 7 of employment, to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The
- 8 court or magistrate judge shall issue the order if the court
- 9 or magistrate judge finds, that—
- 10 "(A) such information is necessary to the con-
- 11 duct of an authorized foreign counterintelligence in-
- 12 vestigation; and
- "(B) there is information giving reason to believe
- 14 that the consumer has been, or is about to be, in con-
- 15 tact with a foreign power or an agent of a foreign
- 16 power (as defined in section 101 of the Foreign Intel-
- 17 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978).
- 18 "(2) An order issued under this subsection shall not
- 19 disclose that it is issued for purposes of a counterintelligence
- $20\ \ investigation.$
- 21 "(c) Court Order for Disclosure of Consumer
- 22 Reports.—(1) Notwithstanding section 604 or any other
- 23 provision of this title, if requested in writing by the Direc-
- 24 tor of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (or the Director's
- 25 designee, whose rank shall be no lower than Assistant Spe-

cial Agent in Charge), a court may issue an order ex parte directing a consumer reporting agency to furnish a consumer report to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 3 4 after the court or magistrate finds, in a proceeding in cam-5 era, that— 6 "(A) the consumer report is necessary for the 7 conduct of an authorized foreign counterintelligence 8 investigation; and 9 "(B) there are specific and articulable facts giv-10 ing reason to believe that the consumer whose 11 consumer report is sought— 12 "(i) is an agent of a foreign power; and 13 "(ii) is engaging or has engaged in inter-14 national terrorism (as that term is defined in 15 section 101(c) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978) or clandestine intelligence ac-16 17 tivities that involve or may involve a violation 18 of criminal statutes of the United States. 19 "(2) An order issued under this subsection shall not 20 disclose that it is issued for purposes of a counterintelligence 21 investigation. 22 "(d) Confidentiality.—(1) No consumer reporting 23 agency or officer, employee, or agent of a consumer report-

ing agency shall disclose to any person, other than officers,

employees, or agents of a consumer reporting agency nec-

- 1 essary to fulfill the requirement to disclose information to
- 2 the Federal Bureau of Investigation under this section, that
- 3 the Federal Bureau of Investigation has sought or obtained
- 4 the identity of financial institutions or a consumer report
- 5 respecting any consumer under subsection (a), (b), or (c).
- 6 "(2) No consumer reporting agency or officer, em-
- 7 ployee, or agent of a consumer reporting agency shall in-
- 8 clude in any consumer report any information that would
- 9 indicate that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has
- 10 sought or obtained such information or a consumer report.
- 11 "(e) Payment of Fees.—The Federal Bureau of In-
- 12 vestigation is authorized, subject to the availability of ap-
- 13 propriations, pay to the consumer reporting agency assem-
- 14 bling or providing reports or information in accordance
- 15 with procedures established under this section, a fee for re-
- 16 imbursement for such costs as are reasonably necessary and
- 17 which have been directly incurred in searching, reproduc-
- 18 ing, or transporting books, papers, records, or other data
- 19 required or requested to be produced under this section.
- 20 "(f) Limit on Dissemination.—The Federal Bureau
- 21 of Investigation may not disseminate information obtained
- 22 pursuant to this section outside of the Federal Bureau of
- 23 Investigation, except—
- 24 "(1) to the Department of Justice or any other
- 25 law enforcement agency, as may be necessary for the

- approval or conduct of a foreign counterintelligence
   investigation; or
- 3 "(2) where the information concerns a person 4 subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice, to
- 5 appropriate investigative authorities within the mili-
- 6 tary department concerned as may be necessary for
- 7 the conduct of a joint foreign counterintelligence in-
- 8 vestigation.
- 9 "(g) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 10 tion shall be construed to prohibit information from being
- 11 furnished by the Federal Bureau of Investigation pursuant
- 12 to a subpoena or court order, or in connection with a judi-
- 13 cial or administrative proceeding to enforce the provisions
- 14 of this Act. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 15 authorize or permit the withholding of information from
- 16 the Congress.
- 17 "(h) Reports to Congress.—On an annual basis,
- 18 the Attorney General shall fully inform the Permanent Se-
- 19 lect Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Bank-
- 20 ing and Financial Services of the House of Representatives,
- 21 and the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee
- 22 on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate con-
- 23 cerning all requests made pursuant to subsections (a), (b),
- 24 and (c).

1	"(i) Damages.—Any agency or department of the
2	United States obtaining or disclosing any consumer reports,
3	records, or information contained therein in violation of
4	this section is liable to any person harmed by the violation
5	in an amount equal to the sum of—
6	"(1) \$100, without regard to the volume of
7	consumer reports, records, or information involved;
8	"(2) any actual damages sustained by the person
9	harmed as a result of the disclosure;
10	"(3) if the violation is found to have been willful
11	or intentional, such punitive damages as a court may
12	allow; and
13	"(4) in the case of any successful action to en-
14	force liability under this subsection, the costs of the
15	action, together with reasonable attorney fees, as de-
16	termined by the court.
17	"(j) Disciplinary Actions for Violations.—If a
18	court determines that any agency or department of the
19	United States has violated any provision of this section and
20	the court finds that the circumstances surrounding the vio-
21	lation raise questions of whether or not an officer or em-
22	ployee of the agency or department acted willfully or inten-
23	tionally with respect to the violation, the agency or depart-
24	ment shall promptly initiate a proceeding to determine

- 1 whether or not disciplinary action is warranted against the
- 2 officer or employee who was responsible for the violation.
- 3 "(k) Good-Faith Exception.—Notwithstanding any
- 4 other provision of this title, any consumer reporting agency
- 5 or agent or employee thereof making disclosure of consumer
- 6 reports or identifying information pursuant to this sub-
- 7 section in good-faith reliance upon a certification of the
- 8 Federal Bureau of Investigation pursuant to provisions of
- 9 this section shall not be liable to any person for such disclo-
- 10 sure under this title, the constitution of any State, or any
- 11 law or regulation of any State or any political subdivision
- 12 of any State notwithstanding.
- 13 "(1) Injunctive Relief.—In addition to any other
- 14 remedy contained in this section, injunctive relief shall be
- 15 available to require compliance with the procedures of this
- 16 section. In the event of any successful action under this sub-
- 17 section, costs together with reasonable attorney fees, as de-
- 18 termined by the court, may be recovered.".
- 19 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at
- 20 the beginning of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C.
- 21 1681a et seq.) is amended by adding after the item relating
- 22 to section 623 the following new item:

"624. Disclosures to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for foreign counterintelligence purposes.".

1	SEC. 304. ACCESS TO RECORDS OF COMMON CARRIERS,
2	PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION FACILITIES, PHYS-
3	ICAL STORAGE FACILITIES, AND VEHICLE
4	RENTAL FACILITIES IN FOREIGN COUNTER-
5	INTELLIGENCE AND COUNTERTERRORISM
6	CASES.
7	(a) In General.—Title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended by inserting after chapter 121 the following:
9	"CHAPTER 122—ACCESS TO CERTAIN
10	RECORDS
	"Sec. "2720. Access to records of common carriers, public accommodation facilities, physical storage facilities, and vehicle rental facilities in counterintelligence and counterterrorism cases.
11	"§ 2720. Access to records of common carriers, public
12	accommodation facilities, physical stor-
13	age facilities, and vehicle rental facilities
14	in counterintelligence and counter-
15	terrorism cases
16	$``(a)(1)\ A\ court\ or\ magistrate\ judge\ may\ issue\ an\ order$
17	ex parte, upon application by the Director of the Federal
18	Bureau of Investigation (or the Director's designee, whose
19	rank shall be no lower than Assistant Special Agent in
20	Charge), directing any common carrier, public accommoda-
21	tion facility, physical storage facility, or vehicle rental fa-

22 cility to furnish any records in its possession to the Federal

Bureau of Investigation. The court or magistrate judge shall 2 issue the order if the court or magistrate judge finds that— 3 "(A) suchrecords arenecessary for 4 counterterrorism or foreign counterintelligence pur-5 poses; and 6 "(B) there are specific and articulable facts giv-7 ing reason to believe that the person to whom the 8 records pertain is— 9 "(i) a foreign power; or "(ii) an agent of a foreign power and is en-10 11 gaging or has engaged in international terrorism 12 (as that term is defined in section 101(c) of the 13 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978) or 14 clandestine intelligence activities that involve or 15 may involve a violation of criminal statutes of 16 the United States. 17 "(2) An order issued under this subsection shall not disclose that it is issued for purposes of a counterintelligence 18 19 investigation. 20 "(b) No common carrier, public accommodation facil-21 ity, physical storage facility, or vehicle rental facility, or any officer, employee, or agent of such common carrier, public accommodation facility, physical storage facility, or vehicle rental facility, shall disclose to any person, other than those officers, agents, or employees of the common car-

1	rier, public accommodation facility, physical storage facil-
2	ity, or vehicle rental facility necessary to fulfill the require-
3	ment to disclose the information to the Federal Bureau of
4	Investigation under this section.
5	" $(c)(1)$ The Federal Bureau of Investigation may not
6	disseminate information obtained pursuant to this section
7	outside the Federal Bureau of Investigation, except—
8	"(A) to the Department of Justice or any other
9	law enforcement agency, as may be necessary for the
10	approval or conduct of a foreign counterintelligence
11	investigation; or
12	"(B) where the information concerns a person
13	subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice, to
14	appropriate investigative authorities within the mili-
15	tary department concerned as may be necessary for
16	the conduct of a joint foreign counterintelligence in-
17	vestigation.
18	"(2) Any agency or department of the United States
19	obtaining or disclosing any information in violation of this
20	paragraph shall be liable to any person harmed by the vio-
21	lation in an amount equal to the sum of—
22	"(A) \$100 without regard to the volume of infor-
23	$mation\ involved;$
24	"(B) any actual damages sustained by the per-
25	son harmed as a result of the violation;

1	"(C) if the violation is willful or intentional,
2	such punitive damages as a court may allow; and
3	"(D) in the case of any successful action to en-
4	force liability under this paragraph, the costs of the
5	action, together with reasonable attorney fees, as de-
6	termined by the court.
7	"(d) If a court determines that any agency or depart-
8	ment of the United States has violated any provision of this
9	section and the court finds that the circumstances surround-
10	ing the violation raise questions of whether or not an officer
11	or employee of the agency or department acted willfully or
12	intentionally with respect to the violation, the agency or
13	department shall promptly initiate a proceeding to deter-
14	mine whether or not disciplinary action is warranted
15	against the officer or employee who was responsible for the
16	violation.
17	"(e) As used in this section—
18	"(1) the term 'common carrier' means a loco-
19	motive, rail carrier, bus carrying passengers, water
20	common carrier, air common carrier, or private com-
21	mercial interstate carrier for the delivery of packages
22	and other objects;
23	"(2) the term 'public accommodation facility"
24	means any inn, hotel, motel, or other establishment
25	that provides lodging to transient guests;

1	"(3) the term 'physical storage facility' means
2	any business or entity that provides space for the
3	storage of goods or materials, or services related to the
4	storage of goods or materials, to the public or any seg-
5	ment thereof; and
6	"(4) the term 'vehicle rental facility' means any
7	person or entity that provides vehicles for rent, lease,
8	loan, or other similar use, to the public or any seg-
9	ment thereof.".
10	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of chapters at
11	the beginning of part I of title 18, United States Code, is
12	amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 121
13	the following new item:
	"122. Access to certain records
14	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DE-
14 15	
	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DE-
15	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DE- TECTION OF EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVE
15 16	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DE- TECTION OF EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, RENDERING EXPLOSIVE COMPO-
15 16 17	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DE- TECTION OF EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, RENDERING EXPLOSIVE COMPO- NENTS INERT, AND IMPOSING CONTROLS OF
15 16 17 18	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DE- TECTION OF EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, RENDERING EXPLOSIVE COMPO- NENTS INERT, AND IMPOSING CONTROLS OF PRECURSORS OF EXPLOSIVES.
15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DETECTION OF EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, RENDERING EXPLOSIVE COMPONENTS INERT, AND IMPOSING CONTROLS OF PRECURSORS OF EXPLOSIVES.  (a) STUDY.—The Attorney General, in consultation
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DETECTION OF EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, RENDERING EXPLOSIVE COMPONENTS INERT, AND IMPOSING CONTROLS OF PRECURSORS OF EXPLOSIVES.  (a) STUDY.—The Attorney General, in consultation with other Federal, State and local officials with expertise
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DETECTION OF EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, RENDERING EXPLOSIVE COMPONENTS INERT, AND IMPOSING CONTROLS OF PRECURSORS OF EXPLOSIVES.  (a) STUDY.—The Attorney General, in consultation with other Federal, State and local officials with expertise in this area and such other individuals as the Attorney
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 305. STUDY OF TAGGING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, DETECTION OF EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, RENDERING EXPLOSIVE COMPONENTS INERT, AND IMPOSING CONTROLS OF PRECURSORS OF EXPLOSIVES.  (a) STUDY.—The Attorney General, in consultation with other Federal, State and local officials with expertise in this area and such other individuals as the Attorney General deems appropriate, shall conduct a study concern-

1	(2) technology for devices to improve the detec-
2	tion of explosives materials;
3	(3) whether common chemicals used to manufac-
4	ture explosive materials can be rendered inert and
5	whether it is feasible to require it; and
6	(4) whether controls can be imposed on certain
7	precursor chemicals used to manufacture explosive
8	materials and whether it is feasible to require it.
9	(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
10	of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall sub-
11	mit to the Congress a report that contains the results of
12	the study required by this section. The Attorney General
13	shall make the report available to the public.
14	SEC. 306. APPLICATION OF STATUTORY EXCLUSIONARY
14 15	SEC. 306. APPLICATION OF STATUTORY EXCLUSIONARY  RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR
15	RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR
15 16 17	RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.
15 16 17	RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR  ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.  Section 2515 of title 18, United States Code, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "This section shall
15 16 17 18	RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR  ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.  Section 2515 of title 18, United States Code, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "This section shall
115 116 117 118 119 220	RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR  ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.  Section 2515 of title 18, United States Code, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "This section shall not apply to the disclosure by the United States in a crimi-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR  ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.  Section 2515 of title 18, United States Code, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "This section shall not apply to the disclosure by the United States in a crimi- nal trial or hearing or before a grand jury of the contents
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222	RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR  ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.  Section 2515 of title 18, United States Code, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "This section shall not apply to the disclosure by the United States in a crimi- nal trial or hearing or before a grand jury of the contents of a wire or oral communication, or evidence derived there-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	RULE CONCERNING INTERCEPTED WIRE OR ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.  Section 2515 of title 18, United States Code, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "This section shall not apply to the disclosure by the United States in a crimi- nal trial or hearing or before a grand jury of the contents of a wire or oral communication, or evidence derived there- from, if any law enforcement officers who intercepted the

1	SEC. 307. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN TYPES OF INFORMATION
2	FROM WIRETAP-RELATED DEFINITIONS.
3	(a) Definition of "electronic communication".—
4	Section 2510(12) of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
5	ed—
6	(1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
7	(B);
8	(2) by inserting "or" at the end of subparagraph
9	(C); and
10	(3) by adding a new subparagraph (D), as fol-
11	lows:
12	"(D) information stored in a communica-
13	tions system used for the electronic storage and
14	transfer of funds;"
15	(b) Definition of "Readily Accessible to the
16	General Public".—Section 2510(16) of title 18, United
17	States Code, is amended—
18	(1) by inserting "or" at the end of subparagraph
19	(D);
20	(2) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
21	(E); and
22	(3) by striking subparagraph (F).
23	SEC. 308. ADDITION OF CONSPIRACIES TO TEMPORARY
24	EMERGENCY WIRETAP AUTHORITY.
25	(a) Section 2518.—Section 2518(7)(a) of title 18,
26	United States Code, is amended—

1	(1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
2	(ii);
3	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (ii) the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(iii) conspiratorial activities involving do-
6	mestic terrorism or international terrorism (as
7	that term is defined in section 2331 of this title),
8	or"; and
9	(3) by redesignating existing subparagraph (iii)
10	as subparagraph (iv).
11	(b) Definition of Domestic Terrorism.—Section
12	2510 of title 18, United States Code, is amended.—
13	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
14	(17);
15	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
16	graph (18) and inserting "; and"; and
17	(3) by inserting after paragraph (18) the follow-
18	ing:
19	"(19) 'domestic terrorism' means terrorism, as
20	defined in section 2331 of this title, that occurs
21	primarily inside the territorial jurisdiction of the
22	United States.".
23	SEC. 309. REQUIREMENTS FOR MULTIPOINT WIRETAPS.
24	Section 2518(11) of title 18, United States Code, is
25	amended to read as follows:

1	"(11) The requirements of subsections (1)(b)(11) and
2	(3)(d) of this section relating to the specification of facilities
3	from which or the place where the communication is to be
4	intercepted to do not apply if, in the case of an application
5	with respect to the interception of oral, wire, or electronic
6	communications—
7	"(a) the application is by a Federal investigative
8	or law enforcement officer, and is approved by the At-
9	torney General, the Deputy Attorney General, the As-
10	sociate Attorney General, or an Assistant Attorney
11	General (or an official acting in any such capacity);
12	"(b) the application contains a full and complete
13	statement as to why such specification is not prac-
14	tical and identifies the person committing the offense
15	and whose communications are to be intercepted; and
16	"(c) the judge finds that such specification is not
17	practical.".
18	SEC. 310. ACCESS TO TELEPHONE BILLING RECORDS.
19	(a) Section 2709.—Section 2709(b) of title 18, Unit-
20	ed States Code, is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting "local and
22	long distance" before "toll billing records";
23	(2) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
24	(1):

1	(3) by striking the period at the end of para-
2	graph (2) and inserting "; and"; and
3	(4) by adding at the end a new paragraph (3),
4	as follows:
5	"(3) request the name, address, length of service,
6	and local and long distance toll billing records of a
7	person or entity if the Director or the Director's des-
8	ignee (in a position not lower than Deputy Assistant
9	Director) certifies in writing to the wire or electronic
10	communication service provider to which the request
11	is made that the information sought is relevant to an
12	authorized domestic terrorism investigation.".
13	(b) Section 2703.—Section 2703(c)(1)(C) of title 18,
14	United States Code, is amended by inserting 'local and
15	long distance" before "telephone toll billing records".
16	(c) Civil Remedy.—Section 2707 of title 18, United
17	States Code, is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "customer" and
19	inserting "any other person";
20	(2) in subsection (c), inserting before the period
21	at the end the following: ", and if the violation is
22	willful or intentional, such punitive damages as the
23	court may allow, and, in the case of any successful
24	action to enforce liability under this section, the costs

- 1 of the action, together with reasonable attorney fees,
- 2 as determined by the court"; and
- 3 (3) by adding at the end the following:
- 4 "(f) Disciplinary Actions for Violations.—If a
- 5 court determines that any agency or department of the
- 6 United States has violated this chapter and the court finds
- 7 that the circumstances surrounding the violation raise ques-
- 8 tions of whether or not an officer or employee of the agency
- 9 or department acted willfully or intentionally with respect
- 10 to the violation, the agency or department shall promptly
- 11 initiate a proceeding to determine whether or not discipli-
- 12 nary action is warranted against the officer or employee
- 13 who was responsible for the violation.".
- 14 SEC. 311. REQUIREMENT TO PRESERVE RECORD EVIDENCE.
- 15 Section 2703 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 16 ed by adding at the end the following:
- 17 "(f) Requirement to Preserve Evidence.—A pro-
- 18 vider of wire or electronic communication services or a re-
- 19 mote computing service, upon the request of a governmental
- 20 entity, shall take all necessary steps to preserve records, and
- 21 other evidence in its possession pending the issuance of a
- 22 court order or other process. Such records shall be retained
- 23 for a period of 90 days, which period shall be extended for
- 24 an additional 90-day period upon a renewed request by the
- 25 governmental entity.".

1	SEC. 312. AUTHORITY TO REQUEST MILITARY ASSISTANCE
2	WITH RESPECT TO OFFENSES INVOLVING BI-
3	OLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS.
4	(a) In General.—The Attorney General may request
5	that the Secretary of Defense provide technical and
6	logistical assistance by civilian and military personnel of
7	the Department of Defense in support of Department of Jus-
8	tice activities relating to the enforcement of criminal law
9	in an emergency situation involving biological weapons or
10	chemical weapons of mass destruction. Department of De-
11	fense resources, including personnel of the Department of
12	Defense, may be used to provide such assistance if—
13	(1) the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney
14	General determine that an emergency situation in-
15	volving such weapons exists; and
16	(2) the Secretary of Defense determines that the
17	provision of such assistance will not adversely affect
18	the military preparedness of the United States.
19	(b) Definition.—As used in this section, the term
20	"emergency situation involving biological weapons or chem-
21	ical weapons of mass destruction" means a circumstance
22	involving a biological or chemical weapon of mass destruc-
23	tion—
24	(1) that poses a serious threat to the interests of
25	the United States; and
26	(2) in which—

1	(A) civilian expertise is not readily avail-
2	able to provide the required assistance to counter
3	the threat involved;
4	(B) Department of Defense special capabili-
5	ties and expertise are needed to counter the
6	threat; and
7	(C) enforcement of the law would be seri-
8	ously impaired if the Department of Defense as-
9	sistance were not provided.
10	(c) Nature of Assistance.—The assistance referred
11	to in subsection (a) includes the operation of equipment (in-
12	cluding equipment made available under section 372 of title
13	10, United States Code) to monitor, contain, disable, or dis-
14	pose of a biological or chemical weapon or elements of the
15	we apon.
16	(d) Regulations.—The Attorney General and the
17	Secretary of Defense shall jointly issue regulations concern-
18	ing the types of technical and logistical assistance that may
19	be provided under this section. Such regulations shall also
20	describe the actions that Department of Defense personnel
21	may take in circumstances incident to the provision of as-
22	sistance under this section. Such regulations shall not au-
23	thorize arrest or any assistance in conducting searches and
24	seizures that seek evidence related to violations of criminal
25	law, except for the immediate protection of human life.

1 (e) Reimbursement.—The Secretary of Defense shall 2 require reimbursement as a condition for providing assist-3 ance under this subsection in accordance with section 377

4 of title 10, United States Code.

## (f) Delegation.—

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (1) Except to the extent otherwise provided by the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General may exercise the authority of the Attorney General under this subsection. The Attorney General may delegate the Attorney General's authority under this subsection only to the Associate Attorney General or an Assistant Attorney General and only if the Associate Attorney General to whom delegated has been designated by the Attorney General to act for, and to exercise the general powers of, the Attorney General.
- (2) Except to the extent otherwise provided by the Secretary of Defense, the Deputy Secretary of Defense may exercise the authority of the Secretary of Defense under this subsection. The Secretary of Defense may delegate the Secretary's authority under this subsection only to an Under Secretary of Defense or an Assistant Secretary of Defense and only if the Under Secretary or Assistant Secretary to whom dele-

- 1 gated has been designated by the Secretary to act for,
- 2 and to exercise the general powers of, the Secretary.
- 3 SEC. 313. DETENTION HEARING.
- 4 Section 3142(f) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 5 amended by inserting "(not including any intermediate
- 6 Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday)" after "five days" and
- 7 after "three days".
- 8 SEC. 314. REWARD AUTHORITY OF THE ATTORNEY GEN-
- 9 **ERAL**.
- 10 (a) In General.—Title 18, United States Code, is
- 11 amended by striking sections 3059 through 3059A and in-
- 12 serting the following:
- 13 "§ 3059. Reward authority of the Attorney General
- 14 "(a) The Attorney General may pay rewards and re-
- 15 ceive from any department or agency, funds for the pay-
- 16 ment of rewards under this section, to any individual who
- 17 provides any information unknown to the Government lead-
- 18 ing to the arrest or prosecution of any individual for Fed-
- 19 eral felony offenses.
- 20 "(b) If the reward exceeds \$100,000, the Attorney Gen-
- 21 eral shall give notice of that fact to the Senate and the
- 22 House of Representatives not later than 30 days after au-
- 23 thorizing the payment of the reward.
- 24 "(c) A determination made by the Attorney General
- 25 as to whether to authorize an award under this section and

- 1 as to the amount of any reward authorized shall be final
- 2 and conclusive, and no court shall have jurisdiction to re-
- 3 view it.
- 4 "(d) If the Attorney General determines that the iden-
- 5 tity of the recipient of a reward or of the members of the
- 6 recipient's immediate family must be protected, the Attor-
- 7 ney General may take such measures in connection with
- 8 the payment of the reward as the Attorney General deems
- 9 necessary to effect such protection.
- 10 "(e) No officer or employee of any governmental entity
- 11 may receive a reward under this section for conduct in per-
- 12 formance of his or her official duties.
- 13 "(f) Any individual (and the immediate family of such
- 14 individual) who furnishes information which would justify
- 15 a reward under this section or a reward by the Secretary
- 16 of State under section 36 of the State Department Basic
- 17 Authorities Act of 1956 may, in the discretion of the Attor-
- 18 ney General, participate in the Attorney General's witness
- 19 security program under chapter 224 of this title.".
- 20 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at
- 21 the beginning of chapter 203 of title 18, United States Code,
- 22 is amended by striking the items relating to section 3059
- 23 and 3059A and inserting the following new item:

<sup>&</sup>quot;3059. Reward authority of the Attorney General.".

1	(c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1751 of title
2	18, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection
3	(g).
4	SEC. 315. DEFINITION OF TERRORISM.
5	Section 2331 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
6	ed—
7	(1) so that paragraph (1) reads as follows:
8	"(1) the term 'terrorism' means terrorist activity
9	as defined in section 212(a)(3)(B)(ii) of the Immigra-
10	tion and Nationality Act;";
11	(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the follow-
12	ing:
13	"(2) the term 'international terrorism' means
14	terrorism that occurs primarily outside the territorial
15	jurisdiction of the United States, or transcends na-
16	tional boundaries in terms of the means by which it
17	is accomplished, the persons it appears intended to
18	intimidate or coerce, or the locale in which its per-
19	petrators operate or seek asylum;"; and
20	(3) by redesignating existing paragraphs (2)
21	through (4) as paragraphs (3) through (5), respec-
22	tively.
23	SEC. 316. PROTECTION OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT BUILD
24	INGS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
25	The Attorney General is authorized—

1	(1) to prohibit vehicles from parking or standing
2	on any street or roadway adjacent to any building in
3	the District of Columbia which is in whole or in part
4	owned, possessed, used by, or leased to the Federal
5	Government and used by Federal law enforcement au-
6	thorities; and
7	(2) to prohibit any person or entity from con-
8	ducting business on any property immediately adja-
9	cent to any such building.
10	SEC. 317. STUDY OF THEFTS FROM ARMORIES; REPORT TO
11	THE CONGRESS.
12	(a) Study.—The Attorney General of the United
13	States shall conduct a study of the extent of thefts from mili-
14	tary arsenals (including National Guard armories) of fire-
15	arms, explosives, and other materials that are potentially
16	useful to terrorists.
17	(b) Report to the Congress.—Within 6 months
18	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney
19	General shall submit to the Congress a report on the study
20	required by subsection (a).
21	TITLE IV—NUCLEAR MATERIALS
22	SEC. 401. EXPANSION OF NUCLEAR MATERIALS PROHIBI-
23	TIONS.
24	Section 831 of title 18, United States Code, is
25	amended_

1	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "nuclear mate-
2	rial" each place it appears and inserting "nuclear
3	material or nuclear byproduct material";
4	(2) in subsection (a)(1)(A), by inserting "or the
5	environment" after "property";
6	(3) so that subsection (a)(1)(B) reads as follows:
7	"(B)(i) circumstances exist which are likely
8	to cause the death of or serious bodily injury to
9	any person or substantial damage to property or
10	the environment; or (ii) such circumstances are
11	represented to the defendant to exist;";
12	(4) in subsection (a)(6), by inserting "or the en-
13	vironment" after "property";
14	(5) so that subsection $(c)(2)$ reads as follows:
15	"(2) an offender or a victim is a national of the
16	United States or a United States corporation or other
17	legal entity;";
18	(6) in subsection (c)(3), by striking "at the time
19	of the offense the nuclear material is in use, storage,
20	or transport, for peaceful purposes, and";
21	(7) by striking "or" at the end of subsection
22	(c)(3);
23	(8) in subsection $(c)(4)$ , by striking "nuclear ma-
24	terial for peaceful purposes" and inserting "nuclear
25	material or nuclear byproduct material";

1	(9) by striking the period at the end of sub-
2	section (c)(4) and inserting "; or";
3	(10) by adding at the end of subsection (c) the
4	following:
5	"(5) the governmental entity under subsection
6	(a)(5) is the United States or the threat under sub-
7	section (a)(6) is directed at the United States.";
8	(11) in subsection (f)(1)(A), by striking "with an
9	isotopic concentration not in excess of 80 percent plu-
10	tonium 238";
11	(12) in subsection $(f)(1)(C)$ by inserting "en-
12	riched uranium, defined as" before "uranium";
13	(13) in subsection (f), by redesignating para-
14	graphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and
15	(5), respectively;
16	(14) by inserting after subsection $(f)(1)$ the
17	following:
18	"(2) the term 'nuclear byproduct material"
19	means any material containing any radioactive iso-
20	tope created through an irradiation process in the op-
21	eration of a nuclear reactor or accelerator;";
22	(15) by striking "and" at the end of subsection
23	(f)(4), as redesignated;

1	(16) by striking the period at the end of sub-
2	section (f)(5), as redesignated, and inserting a semi-
3	colon; and
4	(17) by adding at the end of subsection (f) the
5	following:
6	"(6) the term 'national of the United States' has
7	the meaning prescribed in section $101(a)(22)$ of the
8	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
9	1101(a)(22)); and
10	"(7) the term 'United States corporation or other
11	legal entity' means any corporation or other entity
12	organized under the laws of the United States or any
13	State, district, commonwealth, territory or possession
14	of the United States.".
15	TITLE V—CONVENTION ON THE
16	MARKING OF PLASTIC EXPLO-
17	SIVES
18	SEC. 501. DEFINITIONS.
19	Section 841 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
20	by adding at the end the following:
21	"(o) Convention on the Marking of Plastic Ex-
22	plosives' means the Convention on the Marking of
23	Plastic Explosives for the Purpose of Detection, Done
24	at Montreal on 1 March 1991

1	"(p) 'Detection agent' means any one of the sub-
2	stances specified in this subsection when introduced
3	into a plastic explosive or formulated in such explo-
4	sive as a part of the manufacturing process in such
5	a manner as to achieve homogeneous distribution in
6	the finished explosive, including—
7	"(1) Ethylene glycol dinitrate (EGDN),
8	$C_2H_4(NO_3)_2$ , molecular weight 152, when the
9	minimum concentration in the finished explosive
10	is 0.2 percent by mass;
11	"(2) 2,3-Dimethyl-2,3-dinitrobutane
12	(DMNB), $C_6H_{12}(NO_2)_2$ , molecular weight 176,
13	when the minimum concentration in the finished
14	explosive is 0.1 percent by mass;
15	``(3)  Para-Mononitro to luene  (p-MNT),
16	$C_7H_7NO_2$ , molecular weight 137, when the mini-
17	mum concentration in the finished explosive is
18	0.5 percent by mass;
19	``(4) Or tho-Mononitro to lue ne (o-MNT),
20	$C_7H_7NO_2$ , molecular weight 137, when the mini-
21	mum concentration in the finished explosive is
22	0.5 percent by mass; and
23	"(5) any other substance in the concentra-
24	tion specified by the Secretary, after consultation
25	with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of

1	Defense, which has been added to the table in
2	part 2 of the Technical Annex to the Convention
3	on the Marking of Plastic Explosives.
4	"(q) 'Plastic explosive' means an explosive mate-
5	rial in flexible or elastic sheet form formulated with
6	one or more high explosives which in their pure form
7	have a vapor pressure less than $10-4$ Pa at a tem-
8	perature of 25°C., is formulated with a binder mate-
9	rial, and is as a mixture malleable or flexible at nor-
10	mal room temperature.".
11	SEC. 502. REQUIREMENT OF DETECTION AGENTS FOR PLAS-
12	TIC EXPLOSIVES.
13	Section 842 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
14	by adding at the end the following:
15	"(l) It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture
16	any plastic explosive which does not contain a detection
17	agent.
18	"(m)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to import
19	or bring into the United States, or export from the United
20	States, any plastic explosive which does not contain a detec-
21	tion agent.
22	"(2) Until the 15-year period that begins with the date
23	of entry into force of the Convention on the Marking of Plas-
24	tic Explosives with respect to the United States has expired,

25 paragraph (1) shall not apply to the importation or bring-

- 1 ing into the United States, or the exportation from the
- 2 United States, of any plastic explosive which was imported,
- 3 brought into, or manufactured in the United States before
- 4 the effective date of this subsection by or on behalf of any
- 5 agency of the United States performing military or police
- 6 functions (including any military Reserve component) or
- 7 by or on behalf of the National Guard of any State.
- 8 "(n)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to ship,
- 9 transport, transfer, receive, or possess any plastic explosive
- 10 which does not contain a detection agent.
- 11 "(2)(A) During the 3-year period that begins on the
- 12 effective date of this subsection, paragraph (1) shall not
- 13 apply to the shipment, transportation, transfer, receipt, or
- 14 possession of any plastic explosive, which was imported,
- 15 brought into, or manufactured in the United States before
- 16 such effective date by any person.
- 17 "(B) Until the 15-year period that begins on the date
- 18 of entry into force of the Convention on the Marking of Plas-
- 19 tic Explosives with respect to the United States has expired,
- 20 paragraph (1) shall not apply to the shipment, transpor-
- 21 tation, transfer, receipt, or possession of any plastic explo-
- 22 sive, which was imported, brought into, or manufactured
- 23 in the United States before the effective date of this sub-
- 24 section by or on behalf of any agency of the United States
- 25 performing a military or police function (including any

- 1 military reserve component) or by or on behalf of the Na-
- 2 tional Guard of any State.
- 3 "(o) It shall be unlawful for any person, other than
- 4 an agency of the United States (including any military re-
- 5 serve component) or the National Guard of any State, pos-
- 6 sessing any plastic explosive on the effective date of this sub-
- 7 section, to fail to report to the Secretary within 120 days
- 8 after the effective date of this subsection the quantity of such
- 9 explosives possessed, the manufacturer or importer, any
- 10 marks of identification on such explosives, and such other
- 11 information as the Secretary may by regulations pre-
- 12 scribe.".
- 13 SEC. 503. CRIMINAL SANCTIONS.
- 14 Section 844(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "(a) Any person who violates subsections (a) through
- 17 (i) or (l) through (o) of section 842 of this title shall be
- 18 fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years,
- 19 *or both.*".
- 20 **SEC. 504. EXCEPTIONS.**
- 21 Section 845 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 22 *ed*—
- 23 (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "(l), (m), (n),
- or (o) of section 842 and subsections" after "sub-
- 25 sections";

1	(2) in subsection (a)(1), by inserting "and which
2	pertains to safety" before the semicolon; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(c) It is an affirmative defense against any proceed-
5	ing involving subsection (l), (m), (n), or (o) of section 842
6	of this title if the proponent proves by a preponderance of
7	the evidence that the plastic explosive—
8	"(1) consisted of a small amount of plastic explo-
9	sive intended for and utilized solely in lawful—
10	"(A) research, development, or testing of
11	new or modified explosive materials;
12	"(B) training in explosives detection or de-
13	velopment or testing of explosives detection
14	equipment; or
15	"(C) forensic science purposes; or
16	"(2) was plastic explosive which, within 3 years
17	after the effective date of this paragraph, will be or
18	is incorporated in a military device within the terri-
19	tory of the United States and remains an integral
20	part of such military device, or is intended to be, or
21	is incorporated in, and remains an integral part of
22	a military device that is intended to become, or has
23	become, the property of any agency of the United
24	States performing military or police functions (in-
25	cluding any military reserve component) or the Na-

- 1 tional Guard of any State, wherever such device is lo-
- 2 cated. For purposes of this subsection, the term 'mili-
- 3 tary device' includes shells, bombs, projectiles, mines,
- 4 missiles, rockets, shaped charges, grenades, per-
- 5 forators, and similar devices lawfully manufactured
- 6 exclusively for military or police purposes.".

## 7 SEC. 505. INVESTIGATIVE AUTHORITY.

- 8 Section 846 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 9 *ed*—
- 10 (1) by inserting "subsection (m) or (n) of section
- 11 842 or" before "subsection (d)"; and
- 12 (2) by adding at the end the following: "The At-
- 13 torney General shall exercise authority over violations
- of subsection (m) or (n) of section 842 and subsection
- 15 (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of section 844 of this title
- only when they are committed by a member of a ter-
- 17 rorist or revolutionary group. In any matter involv-
- ing a terrorist or revolutionary group or individual,
- as determined by the Attorney General, the Attorney
- 20 General shall have primary investigative responsibil-
- 21 ity and the Secretary shall assist the Attorney Gen-
- 22 eral as requested.".

## 23 SEC. 506. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 24 The amendments made by this title shall take effect
- 25 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	TITLE VI—IMMIGRATION-
2	RELATED PROVISIONS
3	Subtitle A—Removal of Alien
4	<b>Terrorists</b>
5	PART 1—REMOVAL PROCEDURES FOR ALIEN
6	TERRORISTS
7	SEC. 601. REMOVAL PROCEDURES FOR ALIEN TERRORISTS.
8	(a) In General.—The Immigration and Nationality
9	Act is amended—
10	(1) by adding at the end of the table of contents
11	$the\ following:$
	"TITLE V—SPECIAL REMOVAL PROCEDURES FOR ALIEN TERRORISTS
	"Sec. 501. Definitions.  "Sec. 502. Establishment of special removal court; panel of attorneys to assist with classified information.  "Sec. 503. Application for initiation of special removal proceeding.  "Sec. 504. Consideration of application.  "Sec. 505. Special removal hearings.  "Sec. 506. Consideration of classified information.  "Sec. 507. Appeals.  "Sec. 508. Detention and custody.";
12	and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following new title:
14	"TITLE V—SPECIAL REMOVAL PROCEDURES FOR
15	ALIEN TERRORISTS
16	"DEFINITIONS
17	"SEC. 501. In this title:
18	"(1) The term 'alien terrorist' means an alien
19	described in section $241(a)(4)(B)$ .

1	"(2) The term 'classified information' has the
2	meaning given such term in section 1(a) of the Classi-
3	fied Information Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.).
4	"(3) The term 'national security' has the mean-
5	ing given such term in section 1(b) of the Classified
6	Information Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.).
7	"(4) The term 'special attorney' means an attor-
8	ney who is on the panel established under section
9	502(e).
10	"(5) The term 'special removal court' means the
11	$court\ established\ under\ section\ 502(a).$
12	"(6) The term 'special removal hearing' means a
13	hearing under section 505.
14	"(7) The term 'special removal proceeding'
15	means a proceeding under this title.
16	"ESTABLISHMENT OF SPECIAL REMOVAL COURT; PANEL OF
17	ATTORNEYS TO ASSIST WITH CLASSIFIED INFORMATION
18	"Ong 700 (a) In Onymous The Object Leveline of the
10	"Sec. 502. (a) In General.—The Chief Justice of the
19	United States shall publicly designate 5 district court
20	
	United States shall publicly designate 5 district court
20	United States shall publicly designate 5 district court judges from 5 of the United States judicial circuits who
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li></ul>	United States shall publicly designate 5 district court judges from 5 of the United States judicial circuits who shall constitute a court which shall have jurisdiction to con-
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li></ul>	United States shall publicly designate 5 district court judges from 5 of the United States judicial circuits who shall constitute a court which shall have jurisdiction to conduct all special removal proceedings.
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li></ul>	United States shall publicly designate 5 district court judges from 5 of the United States judicial circuits who shall constitute a court which shall have jurisdiction to conduct all special removal proceedings.  "(b) Terms.—Each judge designated under subsection

1	and four years so that the term of one judge shall expire
2	each year.
3	"(c) Chief Judge.—The Chief Justice shall publicly
4	designate one of the judges of the special removal court to
5	be the chief judge of the court. The chief judge shall promul-
6	gate rules to facilitate the functioning of the court and shall
7	be responsible for assigning the consideration of cases to the
8	various judges.
9	"(d) Expeditious and Confidential Nature of
10	Proceedings.—The provisions of section 103(c) of the For-
11	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
12	1803(c)) shall apply to proceedings under this title in the
13	same manner as they apply to proceedings under such Act.
14	"(e) Establishment of Panel of Special Attor-
15	NEYS.—The special removal court shall provide for the des-
16	ignation of a panel of attorneys each of whom—
17	"(1) has a security clearance which affords the
18	attorney access to classified information, and
19	"(2) has agreed to represent permanent resident
20	aliens with respect to classified information under
21	sections 506 and $507(c)(2)(B)$ in accordance with
22	(and subject to the penalties under) this title.
23	"APPLICATION FOR INITIATION OF SPECIAL REMOVAL
24	PROCEEDING
25	"Sec. 503. (a) In General.—Whenever the Attorney
26	General has classified information that an alien is an alien

1	terrorist, the Attorney General, in the Attorney General's
2	discretion, may seek removal of the alien under this title
3	through the filing with the special removal court of a writ-
4	ten application described in subsection (b) that seeks an
5	order authorizing a special removal proceeding under this
6	title. The application shall be submitted in camera and ex
7	parte and shall be filed under seal with the court.
8	"(b) Contents of Application.—Each application
9	for a special removal proceeding shall include all of the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(1) The identity of the Department of Justice
12	attorney making the application.
13	"(2) The approval of the Attorney General or the
14	Deputy Attorney General for the filing of the applica-
15	tion based upon a finding by that individual that the
16	application satisfies the criteria and requirements of
17	$this\ title.$
18	"(3) The identity of the alien for whom author-
19	ization for the special removal proceeding is sought.
20	"(4) A statement of the facts and circumstances
21	relied on by the Department of Justice to establish
22	that—
23	"(A) the alien is an alien terrorist and is
24	physically present in the United States, and

1	"(B) with respect to such alien, adherence to
2	the provisions of title II regarding the deporta-
3	tion of aliens would pose a risk to the national
4	security of the United States.
5	"(5) An oath or affirmation respecting each of
6	the facts and statements described in the previous
7	paragraphs.
8	"(c) Right To Dismiss.—The Department of Justice
9	retains the right to dismiss a removal action under this
10	title at any stage of the proceeding.
11	"CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATION
12	"Sec. 504. (a) In General.—In the case of an appli-
13	cation under section 503 to the special removal court, a sin-
14	gle judge of the court shall be assigned to consider the appli-
15	cation. The judge, in accordance with the rules of the court,
16	shall consider the application and may consider other infor-
17	mation, including classified information, presented under
18	oath or affirmation. The judge shall consider the applica-
19	tion (and any hearing thereof) in camera and ex parte. A
20	verbatim record shall be maintained of any such hearing.
21	"(b) Approval of Order.—The judge shall enter ex
22	parte the order requested in the application if the judge
23	finds, on the basis of such application and such other infor-
24	mation (if any), that there is probable cause to believe
25	that—

1	"(1) the alien who is the subject of the applica-
2	tion has been correctly identified and is an alien ter-
3	rorist, and
4	"(2) adherence to the provisions of title II re-
5	garding the deportation of the identified alien would
6	pose a risk to the national security of the United
7	States.
8	"(c) Denial of Order.—If the judge denies the order
9	requested in the application, the judge shall prepare a writ-
10	ten statement of the judge's reasons for the denial.
11	"(d) Exclusive Provisions.—Whenever an order is
12	issued under this section with respect to an alien—
13	"(1) the alien's rights regarding removal and ex-
14	pulsion shall be governed solely by the provisions of
15	this title, and
16	"(2) except as they are specifically referenced, no
17	other provisions of this Act shall be applicable.
18	"SPECIAL REMOVAL HEARINGS
19	"Sec. 505. (a) In General.—In any case in which
20	the application for the order is approved under section 504,
21	a special removal hearing shall be conducted under this sec-
22	tion for the purpose of determining whether the alien to
23	whom the order pertains should be removed from the United
24	States on the grounds that the alien is an alien terrorist.
25	Consistent with section 506, the alien shall be given reason-
26	able notice of the nature of the charges against the alien

- 1 and a general account of the basis for the charges. The alien
- 2 shall be given notice, reasonable under all the cir-
- 3 cumstances, of the time and place at which the hearing will
- 4 be held. The hearing shall be held as expeditiously as pos-
- 5 sible.
- 6 "(b) Use of Same Judge.—The special removal hear-
- 7 ing shall be held before the same judge who granted the order
- 8 pursuant to section 504 unless that judge is deemed un-
- 9 available due to illness or disability by the chief judge of
- 10 the special removal court, or has died, in which case the
- 11 chief judge shall assign another judge to conduct the special
- 12 removal hearing. A decision by the chief judge pursuant to
- 13 the preceding sentence shall not be subject to review by ei-
- 14 ther the alien or the Department of Justice.
- 15 "(c) RIGHTS IN HEARING.—
- 16 "(1) Public Hearing.—The special removal
- 17 hearing shall be open to the public.
- 18 "(2) Right of counsel.—The alien shall have
- 19 a right to be present at such hearing and to be rep-
- 20 resented by counsel. Any alien financially unable to
- 21 obtain counsel shall be entitled to have counsel as-
- signed to represent the alien. Such counsel shall be
- appointed by the judge pursuant to the plan for fur-
- nishing representation for any person financially un-
- 25 able to obtain adequate representation for the district

- in which the hearing is conducted, as provided for in section 3006A of title 18, United States Code. All provisions of that section shall apply and, for purposes of determining the maximum amount of compensation, the matter shall be treated as if a felony was charged.
  - "(3) Introduction of Evidence.—The alien shall have a right to introduce evidence on the alien's own behalf.
  - "(4) Examination of witnesses.—Except as provided in section 506, the alien shall have a reasonable opportunity to examine the evidence against the alien and to cross-examine any witness.
  - "(5) RECORD.—A verbatim record of the proceedings and of all testimony and evidence offered or produced at such a hearing shall be kept.
  - "(6) DECISION BASED ON EVIDENCE AT HEAR-ING.—The decision of the judge in the hearing shall be based only on the evidence introduced at the hearing, including evidence introduced under subsection (e).
  - "(7) NO RIGHT TO ANCILLARY RELIEF.—In the hearing, the judge is not authorized to consider or provide for relief from removal based on any of the following:

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	"(A) Asylum under section 208.
2	"(B) Withholding of deportation under sec-
3	tion 243(h).
4	"(C) Suspension of deportation under sec-
5	tion 244(a) or 244(e).
6	"(D) Adjustment of status under section
7	245.
8	"(E) Registry under section 249.
9	"(d) Subpoenas.—
10	"(1) Request.—At any time prior to the con-
11	clusion of the special removal hearing, either the alien
12	or the Department of Justice may request the judge
13	to issue a subpoena for the presence of a named wit-
14	ness (which subpoena may also command the person
15	to whom it is directed to produce books, papers, docu-
16	ments, or other objects designated therein) upon a sat-
17	isfactory showing that the presence of the witness is
18	necessary for the determination of any material mat-
19	ter. Such a request may be made ex parte except that
20	the judge shall inform the Department of Justice of
21	any request for a subpoena by the alien for a witness
22	or material if compliance with such a subpoena
23	would reveal evidence or the source of evidence which
24	has been introduced, or which the Department of Jus-
25	tice has received permission to introduce, in camera

- and ex parte pursuant to subsection (e) and section

  and ex parte pursuant to subsection (e) and section

  Justice shall be given a

  reasonable opportunity to oppose the issuance of such

  a subpoena.
  - "(2) Payment for attendance.—If an application for a subpoena by the alien also makes a showing that the alien is financially unable to pay for the attendance of a witness so requested, the court may order the costs incurred by the process and the fees of the witness so subpoenaed to be paid from funds appropriated for the enforcement of title II.
  - "(3) Nationwide Service.—A subpoena under this subsection may be served anywhere in the United States.
  - "(4) WITNESS FEES.—A witness subpoenaed under this subsection shall receive the same fees and expenses as a witness subpoenaed in connection with a civil proceeding in a court of the United States.
  - "(5) No access to classified information.—
    Nothing in this subsection is intended to allow an alien to have access to classified information.
- 22 "(e) Introduction of Classified Information.—
- 23 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Classified information that 24 has been summarized pursuant to section 506(b) and 25 classified information for which findings described in

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

section 506(b)(4)(B) have been made and for which no summary is provided shall be introduced (either in writing or through testimony) in camera and exparte and neither the alien nor the public shall be informed of such evidence or its sources other than through reference to the summary (if any) provided pursuant to such section. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, the Department of Justice may, in its discretion and after coordination with the originating agency, elect to introduce such evidence in open session.

## "(2) Treatment of electronic surveillance information.—

"(A) USE OF ELECTRONIC SURVEIL-LANCE.—The Government is authorized to use in a special removal proceeding the fruits of electronic surveillance and unconsented physical searches authorized under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) without regard to subsections (c), (e), (f), (g), and (h) of section 106 of that Act.

"(B) No discovery of electronic sur-Veillance information.—An alien subject to removal under this title shall have no right of discovery of information derived from electronic

- surveillance authorized under the Foreign Intel ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 or otherwise for
   national security purposes. Nor shall such alien
   have the right to seek suppression of evidence.
- 5 "(C) CERTAIN PROCEDURES NOT APPLICA-6 BLE.—The provisions and requirements of sec-7 tion 3504 of title 18, United States Code, shall 8 not apply to procedures under this title.
- 9 "(3) RIGHTS OF UNITED STATES.—Nothing in 10 this section shall prevent the United States from seek-11 ing protective orders and from asserting privileges or-12 dinarily available to the United States to protect 13 against the disclosure of classified information, in-14 cluding the invocation of the military and state se-15 crets privileges.
- "(f) Inclusion of Certain Evidence.—The Federal Rules of Evidence shall not apply to hearings under this section. Evidence introduced at the special removal hearing, either in open session or in camera and ex parte, may, in the discretion of the Department of Justice, include all or part of the information presented under section 504 used to obtain the order for the hearing under this section.
- "(g) Arguments.—Following the receipt of evidence, the attorneys for the Department of Justice and for the alien shall be given fair opportunity to present argument as to

- 1 whether the evidence is sufficient to justify the removal of
- 2 the alien. The attorney for the Department of Justice shall
- 3 open the argument. The attorney for the alien shall be per-
- 4 mitted to reply. The attorney for the Department of Justice
- 5 shall then be permitted to reply in rebuttal. The judge may
- 6 allow any part of the argument that refers to evidence re-
- 7 ceived in camera and ex parte to be heard in camera and
- 8 ex parte.
- 9 "(h) Burden of Proof.—In the hearing the Depart-
- 10 ment of Justice has the burden of showing by clear and con-
- 11 vincing evidence that the alien is subject to removal because
- 12 the alien is an alien terrorist. If the judge finds that the
- 13 Department of Justice has met this burden, the judge shall
- 14 order the alien removed and detained pending removal from
- 15 the United States. If the alien was released pending the spe-
- 16 cial removal hearing, the judge shall order the Attorney
- 17 General to take the alien into custody.
- 18 "(i) Written Order.—At the time of rendering a de-
- 19 cision as to whether the alien shall be removed, the judge
- 20 shall prepare a written order containing a statement of
- 21 facts found and conclusions of law. Any portion of the order
- 22 that would reveal the substance or source of information
- 23 received in camera and ex parte pursuant to subsection (e)
- 24 shall not be made available to the alien or the public.

1	"CONSIDERATION OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION
2	"Sec. 506. (a) Consideration In Camera and Ex
3	Parte.—In any case in which the application for the order
4	authorizing the special procedures of this title is approved,
5	the judge who granted the order shall consider each item
6	of classified information the Department of Justice proposes
7	to introduce in camera and ex parte at the special removal
8	hearing and shall order the introduction of such informa-
9	tion pursuant to section 505(e) if the judge determines the
10	information to be relevant.
11	"(b) Preparation and Provision of Written Sum-
12	MARY.—
13	"(1) Preparation.—The Department of Justice
14	shall prepare a written summary of such classified
15	information which does not pose a risk to national se-
16	curity.
17	"(2) Conditions for approval by Judge and
18	PROVISION TO ALIEN.—The judge shall approve the
19	summary so long as the judge finds that the summary
20	is sufficient—
21	"(A) to inform the alien of the general na-
22	ture of the evidence that the alien is an alien ter-
23	rorist, and
24	"(B) to permit the alien to prepare a de-
25	fense against deportation.

1	The Department of Justice shall cause to be delivered
2	to the alien a copy of the summary.
3	"(3) Opportunity for correction and
4	RESUBMITTAL.—If the judge does not approve the
5	summary, the judge shall provide the Department of
6	reasonable opportunity to correct the deficiencies
7	identified by the court and to submit a revised sum-
8	mary.
9	"(4) Conditions for termination of pro-
10	CEEDINGS IF SUMMARY NOT APPROVED.—
11	"(A) In general.—If, subsequent to the op-
12	portunity described in paragraph (3), the judge
13	does not approve the summary, the judge shall
14	terminate the special removal hearing unless the
15	judge makes the findings described in subpara-
16	graph(B).
17	"(B) FINDINGS.—The findings described in
18	this subparagraph are, with respect to an alien,
19	that—
20	"(i) the continued presence of the alien
21	in the United States, and
22	"(ii) the provision of the required sum-
23	mary,

1	would likely cause serious and irreparable harm
2	to the national security or death or serious bod-
3	ily injury to any person.
4	"(5) Continuation of Hearing without sum-
5	MARY.—If a judge makes the findings described in
6	paragraph (4)(B)—
7	"(A) if the alien involved is an alien law-
8	fully admitted for permanent residence, the pro-
9	cedures described in subsection (c) shall apply;
10	and
11	"(B) in all cases the special removal hear-
12	ing shall continue, the Department of Justice
13	shall cause to be delivered to the alien a state-
14	ment that no summary is possible, and the clas-
15	sified information submitted in camera and ex
16	parte may be used pursuant to section 505(e).
17	"(c) Special Procedures for Access and Chal-
18	LENGES TO CLASSIFIED INFORMATION BY SPECIAL ATTOR-
19	NEYS IN CASE OF LAWFUL PERMANENT ALIENS.—
20	"(1) In general.—The procedures described in
21	this subsection are that the judge (under rules of the
22	special removal court) shall designate a special attor-
23	ney (as defined in section 501(4)) to assist the
24	alien—

1	"(A) by reviewing in camera the classified
2	information on behalf of the alien, and
3	"(B) by challenging through an in camera
4	proceeding the veracity of the evidence contained
5	in the classified information.
6	"(2) Restrictions on disclosure.—A special
7	attorney receiving classified information under para-
8	graph (1)—
9	"(A) shall not disclosure the information to
10	the alien or to any other attorney representing
11	the alien, and
12	"(B) who discloses such information in vio-
13	lation of subparagraph (A) shall be subject to a
14	fine under title 18, United States Code, impris-
15	oned for not less than 10 years nor more than
16	25 years, or both.
17	``APPEALS
18	"Sec. 507. (a) Appeals of Denials of Applica-
19	Tions for Orders.—The Department of Justice may seek
20	a review of the denial of an order sought in an application
21	by the United States Court of Appeals for the District of
22	Columbia Circuit by notice of appeal which must be filed
23	within 20 days after the date of such denial. In such a case
24	the entire record of the proceeding shall be transmitted to
25	the Court of Appeals under seal and the Court of Appeals
26	shall hear the matter ex parte. In such a case the Court

1	of Appeals shall review questions of law de novo, but a prior
2	finding on any question of fact shall not be set aside unless
3	such finding was clearly erroneous.
4	"(b) Appeals of Determinations About Sum-
5	Maries of Classified Information.—Either party may
6	take an interlocutory appeal to the United States Court of
7	Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit of—
8	"(1) any determination by the judge pursuant to
9	section 506(a)—
10	"(A) concerning whether an item of evidence
11	may be introduced in camera and ex parte, or
12	"(B) concerning the contents of any sum-
13	mary of evidence to be introduced in camera and
14	ex parte prepared pursuant to section 506(b); or
15	"(2) the refusal of the court to make the findings
16	permitted by section $506(b)(4)(B)$ .
17	In any interlocutory appeal taken pursuant to this sub-
18	section, the entire record, including any proposed order of
19	the judge or summary of evidence, shall be transmitted to
20	the Court of Appeals under seal and the matter shall be
21	heard ex parte.
22	"(c) Appeals of Decision in Hearing.—
23	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), the
24	decision of the judge after a special removal hearing
25	may be appealed by either the alien or the Depart-

1	ment of Justice to the United States Court of Appeals
2	for the District of Columbia Circuit by notice of ap-
3	peal.
4	"(2) Automatic appeals in cases of perma-
5	NENT RESIDENT ALIENS IN WHICH NO SUMMARY PRO-
6	VIDED.—
7	"(A) In general.—Unless the alien waives
8	the right to a review under this paragraph, in
9	any case involving an alien lawfully admitted
10	for permanent residence who is denied a written
11	summary of classified information under section
12	506(b)(4) and with respect to which the proce-
13	dures described in section 506(c) apply, any
14	order issued by the judge shall be reviewed by the
15	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia
16	Circuit.
17	"(B) Use of special attorney.—With re-
18	spect to any issue relating to classified informa-
19	tion that arises in such review, the alien shall be
20	represented only by the special attorney des-
21	ignated under section $506(c)(1)$ on behalf of the
22	alien.
23	"(d) General Provisions Relating to Appeals.—
24	"(1) Notice.—A notice of appeal pursuant to
25	subsection (b) or (c) (other than under subsection

1	(c)(2)) must be filed within 20 days after the date of
2	the order with respect to which the appeal is sought,
3	during which time the order shall not be executed.
4	"(2) Transmittal of record.—In an appeal
5	or review to the Court of Appeals pursuant to sub-
6	section (b) or (c)—
7	"(A) the entire record shall be transmitted
8	to the Court of Appeals, and
9	"(B) information received pursuant to sec-
10	tion 505(e), and any portion of the judge's order
11	that would reveal the substance or source of such
12	information, shall be transmitted under seal.
13	"(3) Expedited appellate proceeding.—In
14	an appeal or review to the Court of Appeals pursuant
15	to subsection (b) or (c):
16	"(A) REVIEW.—The appeal or review shall
17	be heard as expeditiously as practicable and the
18	Court may dispense with full briefing and hear
19	the matter solely on the record of the judge of the
20	special removal court and on such briefs or mo-
21	tions as the Court may require to be filed by the
22	parties.
23	"(B) DISPOSITION.—The Court shall uphold
24	or reverse the judge's order within 60 days after
25	the date of the issuance of the judge's final order.

1	"(4) Standard for review.—In an appeal or
2	review to the Court of Appeals pursuant to subsection
3	(b) or (c):
4	"(A) QUESTIONS OF LAW.—The Court of
5	Appeals shall review all questions of law de novo.
6	"(B) Questions of fact.—(i) Subject to
7	clause (ii), a prior finding on any question of
8	fact shall not be set aside unless such finding
9	was clearly erroneous.
10	"(ii) In the case of a review under sub-
11	section (c)(2) in which an alien lawfully admit-
12	ted for permanent residence was denied a writ-
13	ten summary of classified information under sec-
14	tion 506(b)(4), the Court of Appeals shall review
15	questions of fact de novo.
16	"(e) Certiorari.—Following a decision by the Court
17	of Appeals pursuant to subsection (b) or (c), either the alien
18	or the Department of Justice may petition the Supreme
19	Court for a writ of certiorari. In any such case, any infor-
20	$mation\ transmitted\ to\ the\ Court\ of\ Appeals\ under\ seal\ shall,$
21	if such information is also submitted to the Supreme Court,
22	be transmitted under seal. Any order of removal shall not
23	be stayed pending disposition of a writ of certiorari except
24	as provided by the Court of Appeals or a Justice of the Su-
25	preme Court.

1	"(f) Appeals of Detention Orders.—
2	"(1) In general.—The provisions of sections
3	3145 through 3148 of title 18, United States Code,
4	pertaining to review and appeal of a release or deten-
5	tion order, penalties for failure to appear, penalties
6	for an offense committed while on release, and sanc-
7	tions for violation of a release condition shall apply
8	to an alien to whom section 508(b)(1) applies. In ap-
9	plying the previous sentence—
10	"(A) for purposes of section 3145 of such
11	title an appeal shall be taken to the United
12	States Court of Appeals for the District of Co-
13	lumbia Circuit, and
14	"(B) for purposes of section 3146 of such
15	title the alien shall be considered released in con-
16	nection with a charge of an offense punishable by
17	life imprisonment.
18	"(2) No review of continued detention.—
19	The determinations and actions of the Attorney Gen-
20	eral pursuant to section $508(c)(2)(C)$ shall not be sub-
21	ject to judicial review, including application for a
22	writ of habeas corpus, except for a claim by the alien

that continued detention violates the alien's rights

under the Constitution. Jurisdiction over any such

23

1	challenge shall lie exclusively in the United States
2	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit.
3	"DETENTION AND CUSTODY
4	"Sec. 508. (a) Initial Custody.—
5	"(1) Upon filing application.—Subject to
6	paragraphs (2) and (3), the Attorney General may
7	take into custody any alien with respect to whom an
8	application under section 503 has been filed and, not-
9	withstanding any other provision of law, may retain
10	such an alien in custody in accordance with the pro-
11	cedures authorized by this title.
12	"(2) Special rules for permanent resident
13	ALIENS.—An alien lawfully admitted for permanent
14	residence shall be entitled to a release hearing before
15	the judge assigned to hear the special removal hear-
16	ing. Such an alien shall be detained pending the spe-
17	cial removal hearing, unless the alien demonstrates to
18	the court that—
19	"(A) the alien, if released upon such terms
20	and conditions as the court may prescribe (in-
21	cluding the posting of any monetary amount), is
22	not likely to flee, and
23	"(B) the alien's release will not endanger
24	national security or the safety of any person or
25	$the\ communitu.$

1	The judge may consider classified information sub-
2	mitted in camera and ex parte in making a deter-
3	mination under this paragraph.
4	"(3) Release if order denied and no re-
5	VIEW SOUGHT.—
6	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
7	graph (B), if a judge of the special removal court
8	denies the order sought in an application with
9	respect to an alien and the Department of Jus-
10	tice does not seek review of such denial, the alien
11	shall be released from custody.
12	"(B) Application of regular proce-
13	DURES.—Subparagraph (A) shall not prevent the
14	arrest and detention of the alien pursuant to
15	title II.
16	"(b) Conditional Release if Order Denied and
17	Review Sought.—
18	"(1) In General.—If a judge of the special re-
19	moval court denies the order sought in an application
20	with respect to an alien and the Department of Jus-
21	tice seeks review of such denial, the judge shall release
22	the alien from custody subject to the least restrictive
23	condition or combination of conditions of release de-
24	scribed in section 3142(b) and clauses (i) through
25	(xiv) of section $3142(c)(1)(B)$ of title 18, United

1	States Code, that will reasonably assure the appear-
2	ance of the alien at any future proceeding pursuant
3	to this title and will not endanger the safety of any
4	other person or the community.
5	"(2) No release for certain aliens.—If the
6	judge finds no such condition or combination of con-
7	ditions, the alien shall remain in custody until the
8	completion of any appeal authorized by this title.
9	"(c) Custody and Release After Hearing.—
10	"(1) Release.—
11	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
12	graph (B), if the judge decides pursuant to sec-
13	tion 505(i) that an alien should not be removed,
14	the alien shall be released from custody.
15	"(B) Custody pending appeal.—If the
16	Attorney General takes an appeal from such de-
17	cision, the alien shall remain in custody, subject
18	to the provisions of section 3142 of title 18,
19	United States Code.
20	"(2) Custody and removal.—
21	"(A) Custody.—If the judge decides pursu-
22	ant to section 505(i) that an alien shall be re-
23	moved, the alien shall be detained pending the
24	outcome of any appeal. After the conclusion of
25	any judicial review thereof which affirms the re-

moval order, the Attorney General shall retain the alien in custody and remove the alien to a country specified under subparagraph (B).

## "(B) Removal.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The removal of an alien shall be to any country which the alien shall designate if such designation does not, in the judgment of the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, impair the obligation of the United States under any treaty (including a treaty pertaining to extradition) or otherwise adversely affect the foreign policy of the United States.

"(ii) ALTERNATE COUNTRIES.—If the alien refuses to designate a country to which the alien wishes to be removed or if the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, determines that removal of the alien to the country so designated would impair a treaty obligation or adversely affect United States foreign policy, the Attorney General shall cause the alien to be removed to any country willing to receive such alien.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

"(C) Continued Detention.—If no country is willing to receive such an alien, the Attorney General may, notwithstanding any other provision of law, retain the alien in custody. The Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall make periodic efforts to reach agreement with other countries to accept such an alien and at least every 6 months shall provide to the attorney representing the alien at the special removal hearing a written report on the Attorney General's efforts. Any alien in custody pursuant to this subparagraph shall be released from custody solely at the discretion of the Attorney General and subject to such conditions as the Attorney General shall deem appropriate. "(D) FINGERPRINTING.—Before an alien is

"(D) FINGERPRINTING.—Before an alien is transported out of the United States pursuant to this subsection, or pursuant to an order of exclusion because such alien is excludable under section 212(a)(3)(B), the alien shall be photographed and fingerprinted, and shall be advised of the provisions of section 276(b).

## "(d) Continued Detention Pending Trial.—

"(1) Delay in removal.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c)(2), the Attorney General

- may hold in abeyance the removal of an alien who has been ordered removed pursuant to this title to allow the trial of such alien on any Federal or State criminal charge and the service of any sentence of confinement resulting from such a trial.
  - "(2) Maintenance of custody.—Pending the commencement of any service of a sentence of confinement by an alien described in paragraph (1), such an alien shall remain in the custody of the Attorney General, unless the Attorney General determines that temporary release of the alien to the custody of State authorities for confinement in a State facility is appropriate and would not endanger national security or public safety.
  - "(3) Subsequent removal.—Following the completion of a sentence of confinement by an alien described in paragraph (1) or following the completion of State criminal proceedings which do not result in a sentence of confinement of an alien released to the custody of State authorities pursuant to paragraph (2), such an alien shall be returned to the custody of the Attorney General who shall proceed to carry out the provisions of subsection (c)(2) concerning removal of the alien.

- 1 "(e) Application of Certain Provisions Relating
- 2 to Escape of Prisoners.—For purposes of section 751
- 3 and 752 of title 18, United States Code, an alien in the
- 4 custody of the Attorney General pursuant to this title shall
- 5 be subject to the penalties provided by those sections in rela-
- 6 tion to a person committed to the custody of the Attorney
- 7 General by virtue of an arrest on a charge of a felony.
- 8 "(f) Rights of Aliens in Custody.—
- 9 "(1) Family and attorney visits.—An alien
- in the custody of the Attorney General pursuant to
- 11 this title shall be given reasonable opportunity to
- communicate with and receive visits from members of
- 13 the alien's family, and to contact, retain, and com-
- 14 municate with an attorney.
- 15 "(2) DIPLOMATIC CONTACT.—An alien in the
- 16 custody of the Attorney General pursuant to this title
- shall have the right to contact an appropriate diplo-
- matic or consular official of the alien's country of
- 19 citizenship or nationality or of any country provid-
- ing representation services therefore. The Attorney
- 21 General shall notify the appropriate embassy, mis-
- sion, or consular office of the alien's detention.".
- 23 (b) Jurisdiction Over Exclusion Orders for
- 24 ALIEN TERRORISTS.—Section 106(b) of the Immigration
- 25 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1105a(b)) is amended by

- 1 adding at the end the following sentence: "Jurisdiction to
- 2 review an order entered pursuant to the provisions of sec-
- 3 tion 235(c) concerning an alien excludable under section
- 4 212(a)(3)(B) shall rest exclusively in the United States
- 5 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit.".
- 6 (c) Criminal Penalty for Reentry of Alien Ter-
- 7 RORISTS.—Section 276(b) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1326(b))
- 8 is amended—
- 9 (1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph (1),
- 10 (2) by striking the period at the end of para-11 graph (2) and inserting "; or", and
- 12 (3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the follow-13 ing new paragraph:
- 14 "(3) who has been excluded from the United States pursuant to section 235(c) because the alien 15 16 was excludable under section 212(a)(3)(B) or who has 17 been removed from the United States pursuant to the 18 provisions of title V, and who thereafter, without the 19 permission of the Attorney General, enters the United 20 States or attempts to do so shall be fined under title 21 18, United States Code, and imprisoned for a period 22 of 10 years, which sentence shall not run concurrently

with any other sentence.".

1	(d) Elimination of Custody Review by Habeas
2	Corpus.—Section 106(a) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1105a(a))
3	is amended—
4	(1) by adding "and" at the end of paragraph
5	(8),
6	(2) by striking "; and" at the end of paragraph
7	(9) and inserting a period, and
8	(3) by striking paragraph (10).
9	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
10	section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
11	Act and shall apply to all aliens without regard to the date
12	of entry or attempted entry into the United States.
13	SEC. 602. FUNDING FOR DETENTION AND REMOVAL OF
14	ALIEN TERRORISTS.
15	In addition to amounts otherwise appropriated, there
16	are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year (be-
17	ginning with fiscal year 1996) \$5,000,000 to the Immigra-
18	tion and Naturalization Service for the purpose of detain-
19	ing and removing alien terrorists.

1	PART 2—EXCLUSION AND DENIAL OF ASYLUM
2	FOR ALIEN TERRORISTS
3	SEC. 611. MEMBERSHIP IN TERRORIST ORGANIZATION AS
4	GROUND FOR EXCLUSION.
5	(a) In General.—Section 212(a)(3)(B) of the Immi-
6	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)) is
7	amended—
8	(1) in clause (i)—
9	(A) by striking "or" at the end of subclause
10	(I),
11	(B) in subclause (II), by inserting "engaged
12	in or" after "believe,", and
13	(C) by inserting after subclause (II) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(III) is a representative of a ter-
16	rorist organization, or
17	"(IV) is a member of a terrorist
18	organization which the alien knows or
19	should have known is a terrorist orga-
20	nization,"; and
21	(2) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(iv) Terrorist organization de-
23	FINED.—
24	"(I) Designation.—For purposes
25	of this Act, the term 'terrorist organi-
26	zation' means a foreign organization

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

designated in the Federal Register as a terrorist organization by the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney General, based upon a finding that the organization engages in, or has engaged in, terrorist activity that threatens the national security of the United States.

"(II) Process.—At least 3 days before designating an organization as a terrorist organization through publication in the Federal Register, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall notify the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Senate of the intent to make such designation and the findings and basis for designation. The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall create an administrative record and may use classified information in making such a designation. Such information is not subject to disclosure so long as it remains classified,

except that it may be disclosed to a court ex parte and in camera under subclause (III) for purposes of judicial review of such a designation. The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall provide notice and an opportunity for public comment prior to the creation of the administrative record under this subclause.

"(III) Judicial review.—Any organization designated as a terrorist organization under the preceding provisions of this clause may, not later than 30 days after the date of the designation, seek judicial review thereof in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. Such review shall be based solely upon the administrative record, except that the Government may submit, for ex parte and in camera review, classified information considered in making the designation. The court shall hold unlawful and set aside the designation if the

1	court finds the designation to be arbi-
2	trary, capricious, an abuse of discre-
3	tion, or otherwise not in accordance
4	with law, lacking substantial support
5	in the administrative record taken as
6	a whole or in classified information
7	submitted to the court under the pre-
8	vious sentence, contrary to constitu-
9	tional right, power, privilege, or im-
10	munity, or not in accord with the pro-
11	cedures required by law.
12	"(IV) Congressional author-
13	ITY TO REMOVE DESIGNATION.—The
14	Congress reserves the authority to re-
15	move, by law, the designation of an or-
16	ganization as a terrorist organization
17	for purposes of this Act.
18	"(V) Sunset.—Subject to
19	subclause (IV), the designation under
20	this clause of an organization as a ter-
21	rorist organization shall be effective for
22	a period of 2 years from the date of the
23	initial publication of the terrorist or-
24	ganization designation by the Sec-

retary of State. At the end of such pe-

1	riod (but no sooner than 60 days prior
2	to the termination of the 2-year-des-
3	ignation period), the Secretary of
4	State, in consultation with the Attor-
5	ney General, may redesignate the orga-
6	nization in conformity with the re-
7	quirements of this clause for designa-
8	tion of the organization.
9	"(VI) Other authority to re-
10	MOVE DESIGNATION.—The Secretary of
11	State, in consultation with the Attor-
12	ney General, may remove the terrorist
13	organization designation from any or-
14	ganization previously designated as
15	such an organization, at any time, so
16	long as the Secretary publishes notice
17	of the removal in the Federal Register.
18	The Secretary is not required to report
19	to Congress prior to so removing such
20	designation.
21	"(v) Representative defined.—In
22	this subparagraph, the term 'representative'
23	includes an officer, official, or spokesman of
24	the organization and any person who di-
25	rects, counsels, commands or induces the or-

1	ganization or its members to engage in ter-
2	rorist activity. The determination by the
3	Secretary of State or the Attorney General
4	that an alien is a representative of a terror-
5	ist organization shall be subject to judicial
6	review.".
7	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
8	section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
9	Act.
10	SEC. 612. DENIAL OF ASYLUM TO ALIEN TERRORISTS.
11	(a) In General.—Section 208(a) of the Immigration
12	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(a)) is amended by add-
13	ing at the end the following: "The Attorney General may
14	not grant an alien asylum if the Attorney General deter-
15	mines that the alien is excludable under subclause (I), (II),
16	or (III) of section $212(a)(3)(B)(i)$ or deportable under sec-
17	$tion \ 241(a)(4)(B)$ .".
18	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by sub-
19	section (a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment
20	of this Act and apply to asylum determinations made on
21	or after such date.
22	SEC. 613. DENIAL OF OTHER RELIEF FOR ALIEN TERROR-
23	ISTS.
24	(a) Withholding of Deportation.—Section
25	243(h)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8

- 1 U.S.C. 1253(h)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
- 2 following new sentence: "For purposes of subparagraph (D),
- 3 an alien who is described in section 241(a)(4)(B) shall be
- 4 considered to be an alien for whom there are reasonable
- 5 grounds for regarding as a danger to the security of the
- 6 United States.".
- 7 (b) Suspension of Deportation.—Section 244(a) of
- 8 such Act (8 U.S.C. 1254(a)) is amended by striking "section
- 9 241(a)(4)(D)" and inserting "subparagraph (B) or (D) of
- 10 section 241(a)(4)".
- 11 (c) VOLUNTARY DEPARTURE.—Section 244(e)(2) of
- 12 such Act (8 U.S.C. 1254(e)(2)) is amended by inserting
- 13 "under section 241(a)(4)(B) or" after "who is deportable".
- 14 (d) Adjustment of Status.—Section 245(c) of such
- 15 Act (8 U.S.C. 1255(c)) is amended—
- 16 (1) by striking "or" before "(5)", and
- 17 (2) by inserting before the period at the end the
- 18 following: ", or (6) an alien who is deportable under
- 19  $section \ 241(a)(4)(B)$ ".
- 20 (e) REGISTRY.—Section 249(d) of such Act (8 U.S.C.
- 21 1259(d)) is amended by inserting "and is not deportable
- 22 under section 241(a)(4)(B)" after "ineligible to citizen-
- 23 ship".
- 24 (f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 25 section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this

- 1 Act and shall apply to applications filed before, on, or after
- 2 such date if final action has not been taken on them before
- 3 such date.

## 4 Subtitle B—Expedited Exclusion

- 5 SEC. 621. INSPECTION AND EXCLUSION BY IMMIGRATION
- 6 **OFFICERS.**
- 7 (a) In General.—Subsection (b) of section 235 of the
- 8 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1225) is
- 9 amended to read as follows:
- 10 "(b)(1)(A) If the examining immigration officer deter-
- 11 mines that an alien seeking entry—
- 12 "(i) is excludable under section 212(a)(6)(C) or
- 13 212(a)(7), and
- 14 "(ii) does not indicate either an intention to
- 15 apply for asylum under section 208 or a fear of perse-
- 16 cution,
- 17 the officer shall order the alien excluded from the United
- 18 States without further hearing or review.
- 19 "(B) The examining immigration officer shall refer for
- 20 an interview by an asylum officer under subparagraph (C)
- 21 any alien who is excludable under section 212(a)(6)(C) or
- 22 212(a)(7) and has indicated an intention to apply for asy-
- 23 lum under section 208 or a fear of persecution.
- (C)(i) An asylum officer shall promptly conduct
- 25 interviews of aliens referred under subparagraph (B).

- 1 "(ii) If the officer determines at the time of the inter-
- 2 view that an alien has a credible fear of persecution (as
- 3 defined in clause (v)), the alien shall be detained for an
- 4 asylum hearing before an asylum officer under section 208.
- 5 "(iii)(I) Subject to subclause (II), if the officer deter-
- 6 mines that the alien does not have a credible fear of persecu-
- 7 tion, the officer shall order the alien excluded from the
- 8 United States without further hearing or review.
- 9 "(II) The Attorney General shall promulgate regula-
- 10 tions to provide for the immediate review by a supervisory
- 11 asylum office at the port of entry of a determination under
- 12 subclause (I).
- 13 "(iv) The Attorney General shall provide information
- 14 concerning the asylum interview described in this subpara-
- 15 graph to aliens who may be eligible. An alien who is eligible
- 16 for such interview may consult with a person or persons
- 17 of the alien's choosing prior to the interview or any review
- 18 thereof, according to regulations prescribed by the Attorney
- 19 General. Such consultation shall be at no expense to the
- 20 Government and shall not delay the process.
- 21 "(v) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'cred-
- 22 ible fear of persecution' means (I) that it is more probable
- 23 than not that the statements made by the alien in support
- 24 of the alien's claim are true, and (II) that there is a signifi-
- 25 cant possibility, in light of such statements and of such

- 1 other facts as are known to the officer, that the alien could
- 2 establish eligibility for asylum under section 208.
- 3 "(D) As used in this paragraph, the term 'asylum offi-
- 4 cer' means an immigration officer who—
- 5 "(i) has had professional training in country
- 6 conditions, asylum law, and interview techniques;
- 7 *and*
- 8 "(ii) is supervised by an officer who meets the
- 9 condition in clause (i).
- " (E)(i) An exclusion order entered in accordance with
- 11 subparagraph (A) is not subject to administrative appeal,
- 12 except that the Attorney General shall provide by regulation
- 13 for prompt review of such an order against an alien who
- 14 claims under oath, or as permitted under penalty of perjury
- 15 under section 1746 of title 28, United States Code, after
- 16 having been warned of the penalties for falsely making such
- 17 claim under such conditions, to have been lawfully admitted
- 18 for permanent residence.
- 19 "(ii) In any action brought against an alien under
- 20 section 275(a) or section 276, the court shall not have juris-
- 21 diction to hear any claim attacking the validity of an order
- 22 of exclusion entered under subparagraph (A).
- 23 "(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), if
- 24 the examining immigration officer determines that an alien
- 25 seeking entry is not clearly and beyond a doubt entitled

```
1 to enter, the alien shall be detained for a hearing before
   a special inquiry officer.
 3
         "(B) The provisions of subparagraph (A) shall not
 4
    apply—
 5
              "(i) to an alien crewman,
 6
              "(ii) to an alien described in paragraph (1)(A)
 7
         or (1)(C)(iii)(I), or
 8
              "(iii) if the conditions described in section
 9
         273(d) exist.
10
         "(3) The decision of the examining immigration offi-
    cer, if favorable to the admission of any alien, shall be sub-
   ject to challenge by any other immigration officer and such
    challenge shall operate to take the alien whose privilege to
    enter is so challenged, before a special inquiry officer for
    a hearing on exclusion of the alien.".
16
         (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 237(a) of
    such Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)) is amended—
18
              (1) in the second sentence of paragraph (1), by
19
         striking "Deportation" and inserting "Subject to sec-
20
         tion 235(b)(1), deportation", and
21
             (2) in the first sentence of paragraph (2), by
22
         striking "If" and inserting "Subject to section
        235(b)(1), if".
23
24
         (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
```

section shall take effect on the first day of the first month

- that begins more than 90 days after the date of the enact ment of this Act.
   SEC. 622. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
   (a) PRECLUSION OF JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Section 106
   of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1105a)
   is amended—
- 7 (1) by amending the section heading to read as 8 follows:
- 9 "JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ORDERS OF DEPORTATION AND
- 10 EXCLUSION, AND SPECIAL EXCLUSION"; and
- 11 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
- 12 section:
- 13 "(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
- 14 and except as provided in this subsection, no court shall
- 15 have jurisdiction to review any individual determination,
- 16 or to entertain any other cause or claim, arising from or
- 17 relating to the implementation or operation of section
- 18 235(b)(1). Regardless of the nature of the action or claim,
- 19 or the party or parties bringing the action, no court shall
- 20 have jurisdiction or authority to enter declaratory, injunc-
- 21 tive, or other equitable relief not specifically authorized in
- 22 this subsection nor to certify a class under Rule 23 of the
- 23 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 24 "(2) Judicial review of any cause, claim, or individual
- 25 determination covered under paragraph (1) shall only be

1	available in habeas corpus proceedings, and shall be limited
2	to determinations of—
3	"(A) whether the petitioner is an alien, if the pe-
4	titioner makes a showing that the petitioner's claim
5	of United States nationality is not frivolous;
6	"(B) whether the petitioner was ordered specially
7	excluded under section $235(b)(1)(A)$ ; and
8	"(C) whether the petitioner can prove by a pre-
9	ponderance of the evidence that the petitioner is an
10	alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence and
11	is entitled to such review as is provided by the Attor-
12	ney General pursuant to section $235(b)(1)(E)(i)$ .
13	"(3) In any case where the court determines that an
14	alien was not ordered specially excluded, or was not prop-
15	erly subject to special exclusion under the regulations adopt-
16	ed by the Attorney General, the court may order no relief
17	beyond requiring that the alien receive a hearing in accord-
18	ance with section 236, or a determination in accordance
19	with section $235(c)$ or $273(d)$ .
20	"(4) In determining whether an alien has been ordered
21	specially excluded, the court's inquiry shall be limited to
22	whether such an order was in fact issued and whether it
23	relates to the petitioner.".

- 1 (b) Preclusion of Collateral Attacks.—Section
- 2 235 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1225) is amended by adding at
- 3 the end the following new subsection:
- 4 "(d) In any action brought for the assessment of pen-
- 5 alties for improper entry or re-entry of an alien under sec-
- 6 tion 275 or section 276, no court shall have jurisdiction
- 7 to hear claims collaterally attacking the validity of orders
- 8 of exclusion, special exclusion, or deportation entered under
- 9 this section or sections 236 and 242.".
- 10 (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to sec-
- 11 tion 106 in the table of contents of such Act is amended
- 12 to read as follows:

"Sec. 106. Judicial review of orders of deportation and exclusion, and special exclusion.".

- 13 SEC. 623. EXCLUSION OF ALIENS WHO HAVE NOT BEEN IN-
- 14 **SPECTED AND ADMITTED.**
- 15 (a) In General.—Section 241 of the Immigration
- 16 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1251) is amended by adding
- 17 at the end the following new subsection:
- 18 "(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title,
- 19 an alien found in the United States who has not been ad-
- 20 mitted to the United States after inspection in accordance
- 21 with section 235 is deemed for purposes of this Act to be
- 22 seeking entry and admission to the United States and shall
- 23 be subject to examination and exclusion by the Attorney
- 24 General under chapter 4. In the case of such an alien the

1	Attorney General shall provide by regulation an oppor-
2	tunity for the alien to establish that the alien was so admit-
3	ted.".
4	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by sub-
5	section (a) shall take effect on the first day of the first
6	month beginning more than 90 days after the date of the
7	enactment of this Act.
8	Subtitle C—Improved Information
9	and Processing
10	PART 1—IMMIGRATION PROCEDURES
11	SEC. 631. ACCESS TO CERTAIN CONFIDENTIAL INS FILES
12	THROUGH COURT ORDER.
13	(a) Legalization Program.—Section 245A(c)(5) of
14	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
15	1255a(c)(5)) is amended—
16	(1) by inserting "(i)" after "except that the At-
17	torney General", and
18	(2) by inserting after "title 13, United States
19	Code" the following: "and (ii) may authorize an ap-
20	plication to a Federal court of competent jurisdiction
21	for, and a judge of such court may grant, an order
22	authorizing disclosure of information contained in the
23	application of the alien to be used—

1	"(I) for identification of the alien when
2	there is reason to believe that the alien has been
3	killed or severely incapacitated; or
4	"(II) for criminal law enforcement purposes
5	against the alien whose application is to be dis-
6	closed if the alleged criminal activity occurred
7	after the legalization application was filed and
8	such activity involves terrorist activity or poses
9	either an immediate risk to life or to national se-
10	curity, or would be prosecutable as an aggra-
11	vated felony, but without regard to the length of
12	sentence that could be imposed on the appli-
13	cant".
14	(b) Special Agricultural Worker Program.—
15	Section 210(b) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1160(b)) is amended—
16	(1) in paragraph (5), by inserting ", except as
17	allowed by a court order issued pursuant to para-
18	graph (6)" after "consent of the alien", and
19	(2) in paragraph (6), by inserting after subpara-
20	graph (C) the following:
21	"Notwithstanding the previous sentence, the Attorney
22	General may authorize an application to a Federal
23	court of competent jurisdiction for, and a judge of
24	such court may grant, an order authorizing disclosure
25	of information contained in the application of the

1	alien to be used (i) for identification of the alien
2	when there is reason to believe that the alien has been
3	killed or severely incapacitated, or (ii) for criminal
4	law enforcement purposes against the alien whose ap-
5	plication is to be disclosed if the alleged criminal ac-
6	tivity occurred after the special agricultural worker
7	application was filed and such activity involves ter-
8	rorist activity or poses either an immediate risk to
9	life or to national security, or would be prosecutable
10	as an aggravated felony, but without regard to the
11	length of sentence that could be imposed on the appli-
12	cant.".
13	SEC. 632. WAIVER AUTHORITY CONCERNING NOTICE OF DE
13 14	SEC. 632. WAIVER AUTHORITY CONCERNING NOTICE OF DE-
14 15	NIAL OF APPLICATION FOR VISAS.
14 15	NIAL OF APPLICATION FOR VISAS.  Section 212(b) of the Immigration and Nationality
14 15 16	NIAL OF APPLICATION FOR VISAS.  Section 212(b) of the Immigration and Nationality  Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(b)) is amended—
14 15 16 17	NIAL OF APPLICATION FOR VISAS.  Section 212(b) of the Immigration and Nationality  Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(b)) is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
14 15 16 17 18	NIAL OF APPLICATION FOR VISAS.  Section 212(b) of the Immigration and Nationality  Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(b)) is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B);
14 15 16 17 18	NIAL OF APPLICATION FOR VISAS.  Section 212(b) of the Immigration and Nationality  Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(b)) is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B);  (2) by striking "If" and inserting "(1) Subject
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	NIAL OF APPLICATION FOR VISAS.  Section 212(b) of the Immigration and Nationality  Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(b)) is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B);  (2) by striking "If" and inserting "(1) Subject to paragraph (2), if"; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	NIAL OF APPLICATION FOR VISAS.  Section 212(b) of the Immigration and Nationality  Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(b)) is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B);  (2) by striking "If" and inserting "(1) Subject to paragraph (2), if"; and  (3) by adding at the end the following new para-

1	(1) in the case of a particular alien or any class or classes
2	of aliens excludable under subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3).".
3	PART 2—ASSET FORFEITURE FOR PASSPORT AND
4	VISA OFFENSES
5	SEC. 641. CRIMINAL FORFEITURE FOR PASSPORT AND VISA
6	RELATED OFFENSES.
7	Section 982 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
8	ed—
9	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting after para-
10	graph (5) the following new paragraph:
11	"(6) The court, in imposing sentence on a person con-
12	victed of a violation of, or conspiracy to violate, section
13	1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, or 1546 of this title, or a violation
14	of, or conspiracy to violate, section 1028 of this title if com-
15	mitted in connection with passport or visa issuance or use,
16	shall order that the person forfeit to the United States any
17	property, real or personal, which the person used, or in-
18	tended to be used, in committing, or facilitating the com-
19	mission of, the violation, and any property constituting, or
20	derived from, or traceable to, any proceeds the person ob-
21	tained, directly or indirectly, as a result of such violation.";
22	and
23	(2) in subsection $(b)(1)(B)$ , by inserting "or
24	(a)(6)" after " $(a)(2)$ ".

1	SEC. 642. SUBPOENAS FOR BANK RECORDS.
2	Section 986(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended by inserting "1028, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544,
4	1546," before "1956".
5	SEC. 643. EFFECTIVE DATE.
6	The amendments made by this subtitle shall take effect
7	on the first day of the first month that begins more than
8	90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
9	Subtitle D—Employee Verification
10	by Security Services Companies
11	SEC. 651. PERMITTING SECURITY SERVICES COMPANIES TO
12	REQUEST ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION.
13	(a) In General.—Section 274B(a)(6) of the Immi-
14	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324b(a)(6)) is
15	amended—
16	(1) by striking "For purposes" and inserting
17	"(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), for
18	purposes", and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
20	paragraph:
21	"(B) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to a re-
22	quest made in connection with an individual seeking
23	employment in a company (or division of a com-
24	pany) engaged in the business of providing security

services to protect persons, institutions, buildings, or

25

1	other possible targets of terrorism (as defined in sec-
2	tion 2331(1) of title 18, United States Code).".
3	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by sub-
4	section (a) shall apply to requests for documents made on
5	or after the date of the enactment of this Act with respect
6	to individuals who are or were hired before, on, or after
7	the date of the enactment of this Act.
8	TITLE VII—AUTHORIZATION AND
9	<b>FUNDING</b>
10	SEC. 701. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
11	There is authorized to be appropriated for each of fis-
12	cal years 1996 through 2000 to the Federal Bureau of Inves-
13	tigation such sums as are necessary—
14	(1) to hire additional personnel, and to procure
15	equipment, to support expanded investigations of do-
16	mestic and international terrorism activities;
17	(2) to establish a Domestic Counterterrorism
18	Center to coordinate and centralize Federal, State,
19	and local law enforcement efforts in response to major
20	terrorist incidents, and as a clearinghouse for all do-
21	mestic and international terrorism information and
22	intelligence; and
23	(3) to cover costs associated with providing law
24	enforcement coverage of public events offering the po-

1	tential of being targeted by domestic or international
2	terrorists.
3	SEC. 702. CIVIL MONETARY PENALTY SURCHARGE AND
4	TELECOMMUNICATIONS CARRIER COMPLI-
5	ANCE PAYMENTS.
6	Public Law 103-414 is amended by adding at the end
7	the following:
8	"TITLE IV—CIVIL MONETARY
9	PENALTY SURCHARGE AND
10	TELECOMMUNICATIONS CAR-
11	RIER COMPLIANCE PAYMENTS
12	"SEC. 401. CIVIL MONETARY PENALTY SURCHARGE.
13	"(a) Imposition.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
14	sion of law, and subject to section 402(c) of this title, a
15	surcharge of 40 percent of the principal amount of a civil
16	monetary penalty shall be added to each civil monetary
17	penalty at the time it is assessed by the United States or
18	an agency thereof.
19	"(b) Application of Payments.—Payments relating
20	to a civil monetary penalty shall be applied in the following
21	order: (1) to costs; (2) to principal; (3) to surcharges re-
22	quired by subsection (a) of this section; and (4) to interest.
23	"(c) Effective Dates.—(1) A surcharge under sub-
24	section (a) of this section shall be added to all civil mone-

- 1 tary penalties assessed on or after October 1, 1995, or the
- 2 date of enactment of this title, whichever is later.
- 3 "(2) The authority to add a surcharge under this sec-
- 4 tion shall terminate on October 1, 1998.
- 5 "(d) Limitation.—The provisions of this section shall
- 6 not apply to any civil monetary penalty assessed under title
- 7 26, United States Code.
- 8 "SEC. 402. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TELECOMMUNI-
- 9 CATIONS CARRIER COMPLIANCE FUND.
- 10 "(a) Establishment of Fund.—There is hereby es-
- 11 tablished in the United States Treasury a fund to be known
- 12 as the Department of Justice Telecommunications Carrier
- 13 Compliance Fund (hereinafter referred to as 'the Fund'),
- 14 which shall be available to the Attorney General to the ex-
- 15 tent and in the amounts authorized by subsection (c) of this
- 16 section to make payments to telecommunications carriers,
- 17 as authorized by section 109.
- 18 "(b) Offsetting Collections.—Notwithstanding
- 19 section 3302 of title 31, United States Code, the Attorney
- 20 General may credit surcharges added pursuant to section
- 21 401 of this title to the Fund as offsetting collections.
- 22 "(c) Requirements for Appropriations Offset.—
- 23 (1) Surcharges added pursuant to section 401 of this title
- 24 are authorized only to the extent and in the amounts pro-
- 25 vided for in advance in appropriations acts.

- 1 "(2)(A) Collections credited to the Fund are authorized
- 2 to be appropriated in such amounts as may be necessary,
- 3 but not to exceed \$100,000,000 in fiscal year 1996,
- 4 \$305,000,000 in fiscal year 1997, and \$80,000,000 in fiscal
- 5 year 1998.
- 6 "(B) Amounts described in subparagraph (A) of this
- 7 paragraph are authorized to be appropriated without fiscal
- 8 year limitation.
- 9 "(d) Termination.—(1) The Attorney General may
- 10 terminate the Fund at such time as the Attorney General
- 11 determines that the Fund is no longer necessary.
- 12 "(2) Any balance in the Fund at the time of its termi-
- 13 nation shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treas-
- 14 *ury*.
- 15 "(3) A decision of the Attorney General to terminate
- 16 the Fund shall not be subject to judicial review.
- 17 *"SEC. 403. DEFINITIONS.*
- 18 "For purposes of this title, the terms 'agency' and 'civil
- 19 monetary penalty' have the meanings given to them by sec-
- 20 tion 3 of the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment
- 21 Act of 1990, Public Law 101-410, Oct. 5, 1990, 104 Stat.
- 22 890 (28 U.S.C. 2461 note).".

1	SEC. 703. FIREFIGHTER AND EMERGENCY SERVICES TRAIN-
2	ING
3	The Attorney General may award grants in consulta-
4	tion with the Federal Emergency Management Agency for
5	the purposes of providing specialized training or equipment
6	to enhance the capability of metropolitan fire and emer-
7	gency service departments to respond to terrorist attacks.
8	To carry out the purposes of this section, there is authorized
9	to be appropriated \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1996.
10	SEC. 704. ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES TO PRO-
11	CURE EXPLOSIVE DETECTION DEVICES AND
12	OTHER COUNTER-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY.
13	There is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed
14	\$10,000,000 for each fiscal year to the Attorney General to
15	provide assistance to foreign countries facing an imminent
16	danger of terrorist attack that threatens the national inter-
17	est of the United States or puts United States nationals
18	at risk—
19	(1) in obtaining explosive detection devices and
20	other counter-terrorism technology; and
21	(2) in conducting research and development
22	projects on such technology.

1	SEC. 705. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TO SUPPORT
2	COUNTERTERRORISM TECHNOLOGIES.
3	There are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed
4	\$10,000,000 to the National Institute of Justice Science and
5	Technology Office—
6	(1) to develop technologies that can be used to
7	combat terrorism, including technologies in the areas
8	of
9	(A) detection of weapons, explosives, chemi-
10	cals, and persons;
11	$(B) \ tracking;$
12	$(C)\ surveillance;$
13	(D) vulnerability assessment; and
14	$(E)\ information\ technologies;$
15	(2) to develop standards to ensure the adequacy
16	of products produced and compatibility with relevant
17	national systems; and
18	(3) to identify and assess requirements for tech-
19	nologies to assist State and local law enforcement in
20	the national program to combat terrorism.
21	TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS
22	SEC. 801. MACHINE READABLE VISAS AND PASSPORTS.
23	Section 140(a) of the Foreign Relations Authorization
24	Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (Public Law 103–236) is
25	amended—

1	(1) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3) and in-
2	serting the following:
3	"(2) For fiscal years 1996 and 1997, not more
4	than \$250,000,000 in fees collected under the author-
5	ity of paragraph (1) shall be deposited as an offset-
6	ting collection to any Department of State appropria-
7	tion to recover the costs of the Department of State's
8	border security program, including the costs of—
9	"(A) installation and operation of the ma-
10	chine readable visa and automated name-check
11	process;
12	"(B) improving the quality and security of
13	the United States passport;
14	"(C) passport and visa fraud investigations;
15	and
16	"(D) the technological infrastructure to sup-
17	port and operate the programs referred to in sub-
18	paragraphs (A) through (C).
19	Such fees shall remain available for obligation until
20	expended.
21	"(3) For any fiscal year, fees collected under the
22	authority of paragraph (1) in excess of the amount
23	specified for such fiscal year under paragraph (2)
24	shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury
25	as miscellaneous receipts."; and

1	(2) by striking paragraph (5).
2	SEC. 802. STUDY OF STATE LICENSING REQUIREMENTS FOR
3	THE PURCHASE AND USE OF HIGH EXPLO-
4	SIVES.
5	The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with
6	the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall conduct a study
7	of State licensing requirements for the purchase and use of
8	commercial high explosives, including detonators, detonat-
9	ing cords, dynamite, water gel, emulsion, blasting agents,
10	and boosters. Not later than 180 days after the date of the
11	enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report to Congress
12	the results of this study, together with any recommendations
13	the Secretary determines are appropriate.
14	SEC. 803. COMPENSATION OF VICTIMS OF TERRORISM.
15	(a) Requiring Compensation for Terrorist
16	CRIMES.—Section 1403(d)(3) of the Victims of Crime Act
17	of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603(d)(3)) is amended—
18	(1) by inserting "crimes involving terrorism,"
19	before "driving while intoxicated"; and
20	(2) by inserting a comma after "driving while
21	intoxicated ".
22	(b) Foreign Terrorism.—Section 1403(b)(6)(B) of
23	the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.
24	10603(b)(6)(B)) is amended by inserting "are outside the
25	United States (if the compensable crime is terrorism, as de-

1	fined in section 2331 of title 18, United States Code), or"
2	before "are States not having".
3	SEC. 804. JURISDICTION FOR LAWSUITS AGAINST TERROR-
4	IST STATES.
5	(a) Exception to Foreign Sovereign Immunity
6	FOR CERTAIN CASES.—Section 1605 of title 28, United
7	States Code, is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a)—
9	(A) by striking "or" at the end of para-
10	graph(5);
11	(B) by striking the period at the end of
12	paragraph (6) and inserting "; or"; and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraph:
15	"(7) not otherwise covered by paragraph (2), in
16	which money damages are sought against a foreign
17	state for personal injury or death that was caused by
18	an act of torture, extrajudicial killing, aircraft sabo-
19	tage, hostage taking, or the provision of material sup-
20	port or resources (as defined in section 2339A of title
21	18) for such an act if such act or provision of mate-
22	rial support is engaged in by an official, employee, or
23	agent of such foreign state while acting within the
24	scope of his or her office, employment, or agency, ex-
25	cent that—

1	"(A) an action under this paragraph shall
2	not be instituted unless the claimant first affords
3	the foreign state a reasonable opportunity to ar-
4	bitrate the claim in accordance with accepted
5	international rules of arbitration;
6	"(B) an action under this paragraph shall
7	not be maintained unless the act upon which the
8	claim is based occurred while the individual
9	bringing the claim was a national of the United
10	States (as that term is defined in section
11	101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality
12	Act); and
13	"(C) the court shall decline to hear a claim
14	under this paragraph if the foreign state against
15	whom the claim has been brought establishes that
16	procedures and remedies are available in such
17	state which comport with fundamental fairness
18	and due process."; and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
20	section:
21	"(e) For purposes of paragraph (7) of subsection (a)—
22	"(1) the terms 'torture' and 'extrajudicial killing'
23	have the meaning given those terms in section 3 of the
24	Torture Victim Protection Act of 1991;

1	"(2) the term 'hostage taking' has the meaning
2	given that term in Article 1 of the International Con-
3	vention Against the Taking of Hostages; and
4	"(3) the term 'aircraft sabotage' has the meaning
5	given that term in Article 1 of the Convention for the
6	Suppression of Unlawful Acts Against the Safety of
7	Civil Aviation.".
8	(b) Exception to Immunity From Attachment.—
9	(1) Foreign state.—Section 1610(a) of title
10	28, United States Code, is amended—
11	(A) by striking the period at the end of
12	paragraph (6) and inserting ", or"; and
13	(B) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraph:
15	"(7) the judgment relates to a claim for which
16	the foreign state is not immune under section
17	1605(a)(7), regardless of whether the property is or
18	was involved with the act upon which the claim is
19	based.".
20	(2) AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY.—Section
21	1610(b)(2) of such title is amended—
22	(A) by striking "or (5)" and inserting "(5),
23	or (7)"; and
24	(B) by striking "used for the activity" and
25	inserting "involved in the act".

1	(c) Applicability.—The amendments made by this
2	title shall apply to any cause of action arising before, on,
3	or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
4	SEC. 805. STUDY OF PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INSTRUCTIONAL
5	MATERIAL ON THE MAKING OF BOMBS, DE-
6	STRUCTIVE DEVICES, AND WEAPONS OF MASS
7	DESTRUCTION.
8	(a) Study.—The Attorney General, in consultation
9	with such other officials and individuals as the Attorney
10	General deems appropriate, shall conduct a study concern-
11	ing—
12	(1) the extent to which there are available to the
13	public material in any medium (including print,
14	electronic, or film) that instructs how to make bombs,
15	other destructive devices, and weapons of mass de-
16	struction;
17	(2) the extent to which information gained from
18	such material has been used in incidents of domestic
19	and international terrorism;
20	(3) the likelihood that such information may be
21	used in future incidents of terrorism; and
22	(4) the application of existing Federal laws to
23	such material, the need and utility, if any, for addi-
24	tional laws, and an assessment of the extent to which

1	the First Amendment protects such material and its
2	private and commercial distribution.
3	(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
4	of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall sub-
5	mit to the Congress a report that contains the results of
6	the study required by this section. The Attorney General
7	shall make the report available to the public.
8	SEC. 806. COMPILATION OF STATISTICS RELATING TO IN-
9	TIMIDATION OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.
10	(a) Findings.—Congress finds that—
11	(1) threats of violence and acts of violence are
12	mounting against Federal, State, and local govern-
13	ment employees and their families in attempts to stop
14	public servants from performing their lawful duties;
15	(2) these acts are a danger to our constitutional
16	form of government; and
17	(3) more information is needed as to the extent
18	of the danger and its nature so that steps can be
19	taken to protect public servants at all levels of govern-
20	ment in the performance of their duties.
21	(b) Statistics.—The Attorney General shall acquire
22	data, for the calendar year 1990 and each succeeding cal-
23	endar year about crimes and incidents of threats of violence
24	and acts of violence against Federal, State, and local gov-

- ernment employees in performance of their lawful duties. Such data shall include— 3 (1) in the case of crimes against such employees, the nature of the crime; and (2) in the case of incidents of threats of violence 5 6 and acts of violence, including verbal and implicit 7 threats against such employees, whether or not crimi-8 nally punishable, which deter the employees from the 9 performance of their jobs. 10 (c) Guidelines.—The Attorney General shall establish guidelines for the collection of such data, including what constitutes sufficient evidence of noncriminal incidents required to be reported.
- 14 (d) Annual Publishing.—The Attorney General 15 shall publish an annual summary of the data acquired 16 under this section. Otherwise such data shall be used only 17 for research and statistical purposes.

HR 1710 RH——2

HR 1710 RH——3

HR 1710 RH——4

HR 1710 RH——5

HR 1710 RH——6

HR 1710 RH——7

HR 1710 RH——8

HR 1710 RH——9

## HR 1710 RH——10